# **Report to Members**

Under S.20(3)(k) of the Planning and Development Acts

# Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan

Chief Executive's Opinion and Recommendations on the Issues Raised by Submissions on the Proposed Amendments

16<sup>th</sup> June 2017

## Document Verification Page 1 of 1

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Document Title: Report to Members Under S.20(3)(k) of the Planning and Development Acts  Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan  Chief Executive's Opinion and Recommendations on the Issues Raised by Submissions on the Proposed Amendments  16 <sup>th</sup> June 2017  Document Ref:  Revision Date Report to Members June 2017 Version final  Description: This report sets out the Chief Executive's Opinion on the issues raised in Submissions to the Proposed Amendments to the Blarney Macroom Municipal District LAP							
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This report focuses on the submissions and observations received from the public following publication of the proposed amendments to the Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan. The draft plan sets out the planning framework for the development of the Municipal District. The report summarises the outcome of this consultation process which was carried out in line with Section 20(3) of the Planning & Development Acts and will inform the finalisation of the various amendments to the Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan.

Appendix A of the report includes a list of the submissions received relevant to the Municipal District.

Appendix B details the proposed amendments to the plan that the Chief Executive is recommending be included in the plan following consideration of the issues raised in the submissions and other pertinent issues. Some of the amendments set out in Appendix B have been made the subject of minor modifications that have been proposed in order to address issues raised in submissions or from other sources such as the Strategic Environmental Assessment and the Habitats Directive Assessment screening of the proposed amendments. An Explanation is included in the Appendices.

Appendix C of the report sets out details of those amendments that were published for consultation by the Council but where the Chief Executive is now recommending the Council to EXCLUDE the amendment from the plan. Section 2 of this report sets out the reasons for those recommendations.

Appendix D includes all the Proposed Map Changes recommended for inclusion in the plan.

**Appendix E List of Submitters** 

#### Section 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Introduction

**1.2.1.** This report focuses on the submissions and observations received from the public following publication of the proposed amendments to the Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan. The preparation of this report marks the commencement of the final stage in the process of making the new local area plan for this Municipal District. The Planning & Development Acts require the Council to make its final resolutions in relation to the amendments of the plan by Monday 24th July 2017. The Plan will become effective four weeks after the date on which it is made.

#### 1.2 Process to date

**1.2.1.** The Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan, along with three associated environmental assessments, was published in November 2016 and made available for public consultation until the 16th January 2017. One hundred and nine (109) submissions were received during the public consultation period on the Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Area Local Area Plan. Thirty-two of the submissions focused on general issues facing the County and the Municipal District as a whole, with a further seventy seven site specific submissions.

- **1.2.1.** In accordance with Section 20 of the Planning and Development Acts, 2000, as amended, a Chief Executive's Report was prepared to list the persons and bodies who made submissions or observations, summarising the issues raised and providing the opinion of the Chief Executive on the issues raised and his recommendations in relation to the proposed Local Area Plan. The Chief Executives Report was issued to Members of Council for their consideration on the 6th March 2017.
- **1.2.1.** The Council's Development Committee met on the 23rd, 24th and 27th March 2017 to discuss the Chief Executive's Report and the next stages of the Local Area Plan process. A further meeting of the Council was held on 27th March 2017, where, following consideration of the Draft Plan, Environmental, Habitats and Flood Risk Assessment Reports, the submissions received and the Chief Executive's report, the Members of Council resolved to make a number of material amendments to the Draft Plan.
- **1.2.1.** In total, 73 amendments are proposed to the Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan. In addition to the material amendments detailed in this document, a number of non material changes relating to the procedural and factual content may be included in the plan before it is finalised.
- **1.2.1.** The County Council made the proposed amendments to the Draft Local Area Plan, together with a report in relation to the Strategic Environmental Assessment including Strategic Flood Risk Assessment and Habitats Directive Assessment of the proposed amendments, available for inspection by the public and statutory bodes for a period of at least 4 weeks so that written submissions or observations regarding the proposed amendments could be made to the Council from Tuesday 2nd May 2017 until 4p.m. on Tuesday 30th May 2017. This report deals with the submissions received as part of that consultation process.
- **1.2.1.** It should be noted that, as the new Local Area Plans did not include the former Town Councils functional areas and will not replace the nine Town Development Plans adopted by the former Town Councils of Cobh, Clonakilty, Fermoy, Kinsale, Macroom, Mallow, Midleton, Skibbereen and Youghal there were no proposed amendments relating to any policy or objectives for those areas. The current Town Plans will remain in force until December 2020.

#### 1.3 Submissions

- **1.3.1.** There were a total of 20 submissions received during the public consultation period on the proposed amendments to the Draft Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan and these are now the subject of this report. It is important to note that only the proposed amendments to the draft plan can be considered by the County Council at this stage in the plan making process. Issues in relation to the content of the draft plan that is NOT part of the proposed amendment cannot now be considered.
- **1.3.2.** A number of submissions raised issues in relation to various matters that are not part of the proposed amendments to the plan and this material has been excluded from the summary of the issues raised and is excluded from consideration at this stage in the process. Where this has occurred a note has been included in Appendix A.

#### 1.4 How to use this report

- **1.4.1.** This report sets out to fulfil a number of functions.
- **1.4.2. Section 2** of the report sets out the Chief Executive's recommendations to the Elected Members of the Council in relation to all of the proposed amendments to the plan. Where the Chief Executive's recommendation is to EXCLUDE a proposed amendment, the detailed reasons for that recommendation are set out in this section.
- **1.4.3. Appendix A** is the full list of submissions received during the amendment consultation process including the name of the interested party, with a summary of the submission and the Chief Executive's Opinion included.
- **1.4.4. Appendix B** sets out the detailed list of proposed material amendments to the Draft Local Area Plan where the Chief Executive is recommending in favour of the amendment. In some cases further minor modifications have been made to the amendments perhaps reflecting issues raised in submissions or the arising from the SEA and HDA process. This list is set out by settlement and including any minor amendments recommended by the Chief Executive for inclusion in the plan.
- **1.4.5. Appendix C** of the report lists those of the proposed amendments where the Chief Executive's is recommending that they be EXCLUDED from the plan when it is made by the County Council.
- **1.4.6.** Appendix **D** lists all the Proposed Map Changes which the Chief Executive is recommending for inclusion.
- **1.4.7.** Appendix E lists all submitters in alphabetical order.
- **1.4.8.** 'Non-material' changes to the plan are not identified in this report but will be reflected in the final published form of the plan once it has been adopted by the Council later in the year. At this stage, it is considered that the non-material changes will include the following broad areas;
  - Factual information used in the description of settlements and their surroundings
  - Changes to the plan reflecting or consequent upon a material change.

#### 1.5 Next Steps

- **1.5.1.** Following the issue of this report to Members on the 16<sup>th</sup> June 2017, the Planning and Development Acts make the following provisions:
  - The Local Area Plan shall be consistent with the objectives of the development plan, its core strategy and any regional planning guidelines that apply to the area of the plan;
  - The Elected Members of the County Council shall consider the proposed material amendments to the plan and this report after which the plan shall be made or amended, by resolution, with all, some or none of the material amendments;
  - A further modification to the material amendment may only be made where it is minor in nature, not likely
    to have significant effects on the environment or adversely affect the integrity of a European site and does
    not refer to an increase in the area of land zoned for any purpose;
  - Any resolutions made by the Elected Members of the Council must be passed by at least 50% of the Elected Members of the Council;
  - The last day on which the Council can make resolutions with regard to the Draft Plan is Monday 24<sup>th</sup> July 2017.
- **1.5.2.** During the entire plan-making process, the Members of the Council are restricted to considering only issues relating to the proper planning and sustainable development of the county and any statutory obligations and any relevant Government or Ministerial policies and objectives in force.

#### Section 2 Chief Executive's Recommendations

#### 2.1 Introduction

- **2.1.1.** This section of the report sets out the justification supporting the Chief Executive's recommendations to amend the Draft Plan. It also sets out a description of the issues in relation to those amendments where the decision is to make the plan excluding the amendments.
- **2.1.2.** Appendices B sets out the amendments that the Chief Executive's is recommending be made to the Draft Plan and makes a reference to any minor modification to the amendment made as a result of a submission or as a result from the SEA or HDA process. Appendix B also sets out supplementary amendments of a minor nature which may arise from environmental assessment.
- **2.1.3.** Appendix C lists those amendments where the Chief Executive recommends that the plan be made EXCLUDING the amendment and the following paragraphs set out the justification for this.

# 2.2 Proposed to include lands north-west of Tower with development boundary around it' - Amendment reference BM.04.08.06

- **2.2.1.** Submission received from Whitebon Developments Ltd. ( DLAP16-16-10864707). Request that the settlement boundary of Tower to be expanded in order to include a 1.73 ha satellite development to the north-west of the main settlement. It is proposed to extend the development boundary out to the site along the Kerry Road and to include the existing cluster of houses and St.Senans Cemetery within the new village boundary. The site is located approx. 9000 north-west of the centre of the settlement along the Kerry Road, in the townland of Coolflugh. A visual impact of the lands in question was included.
- **2.2.2.** The Chief Executive recommended against proposal in the Chief Executive Report issued to Members on 6<sup>th</sup> March 2017
- **2.2.3.** This amendment was proposed by the elected members at their meeting on the Council Meeting on Monday 27<sup>th</sup> March 2017. Cllr B. Ryan proposed, second by Cllr K.Conway and motion 'to include this site within the development boundary of Tower'. The Director of Planning recommended no change to the Plan. A vote was taken on the resolution which was carried.
- **2.2.4.** This amendment BM.04.08.06 passed by resolution was to 'Insert revised map showing site to north- west of Tower with development boundary around it'.
- **2.2.5.** Three submissions were received during the amendment consultation process including AMD AMD20990775 Ken O'Connell, AMD20992146 Patricia Buckley and AMD20993935 Paddy supporting the proposed amendment.
- **2.2.6.** The Council consider that there is sufficient land within Tower to meet all future needs over the lifetime of the plan. The Draft Plan has proposed a number of boundary extensions to increase the amount of available land. These lands are not contiguous to the development boundary and are in fact well removed from the development boundary of Tower. Therefore these lands are not considered appropriate for inclusion.
- **2.2.7.** Taking the above into account it is considered that the plan be made EXCLUDING this amendment for reasons outlined above.

Chief Executive's Recommendation: To EXCLUDE this proposed amendment BM. 04.08.06 including proposed map change.

# **Appendix A: List of Submissions**

Amendme nt Ref.No	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
Ref.No BM 01.08.01 ( SLR & ALM),  BM.02.04.01 (Core Strategy),  BM.03.02.02 (Stoneview UEA)	AMD 21003512	Southern Regional Assembly	Welcome the amendment text which clarify the high level assessment process and Active Land Management measures, which are in accordance with Objective RSS-01 and the SW RPG's 2010-2022 for periodic studies of zoned land availability for residential development. Welcome opportunity to engage with the Council on these issues.  Note the clarifications to the Growth Strategy for each MD LAP and the role of Active Land Management to ensure a supply of strategic housing units, necessary to achieve the population and economic growth of towns and the Cork Gateway under Objective RSS-02 of the SW RPG's 2010-2022. The active land management of housing supply lands, the need for periodic studies and provision for headroom is supported under Sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13 of the SW RPG's 2010-2022.  The initiative of the Council to ensure housing is delivered, with a focus on main towns and the Gateway/Metropolitan Area is welcomed.  With regard to Ballincollig-Carrigaline MD LAP Amendments welcome amendments which demonstrate consistency as far as it is practicable with SW RPG 2010-2022 particularly Objective RSS-02 for the role of the Cork Gateway as the economic driver for the region and Section 4.3.13 which supports planned growth in the Metropolitan Towns. (BC.01.01.04, BC.01.01.05, BC.01.01.07, BC.03.04.22, BC.03.05.25, BC.02.06.03, BC.03.03.23, BC.03.03.24, BC.03.05.30, BC.03.04.19, BC.03.06.05, BC.03.07.23, BC.03.08.01, BC03.03.27).  With regard to Cobh MD LAP Amendments welcome similar amendments to	Noted. No Change Proposed.
			above plus amendments on housing density, transport strategy and alignment with the forthcoming NPF/RSES. (CB.03.02.11, CB.03.03.06/07, CB.03.04.37, CB03.05.06, CB.03.05.10, CB.03.06.01).  With regard to East Cork MD LAP Amendments welcome above amendments plus EC.03.03.09 which provides revised text outlining phasing and	

	0.1.11		Proposed Amendments	a: (= .: / a : :
Amendme nt Ref.No	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
			infrastructure packages to deliver the Water Rock Urban Expansion Area including public transport connectivity(rail and bus) to the city centre and strategic employment locations and upgrade to the N25.	
			With regard to Blarney Macroom MD LAP Amendments welcome similar amendments to above plus BM.03.02.02 which provides revised text outlining phasing and infrastructure packages to deliver the Stoneview Urban Expansion Area.	
BM.01.07.01 (Town Council and Statutory	AMD210040 41	Department of Housing, Planning, Community and Local	Welcomes the amendments made in response to issues raised in their previous submission dated 16 <sup>th</sup> January 2017.	
Plans)		Government	Issue 1:Statutory Plan Hierarchy and Timelines It is now noted and accepted that the former Town Council areas will be omitted and the Municipal District Local Area Plans will deal only with the	Noted. No Change Proposed.
BM.01.08.01 (SLR & ALM)			environs of the towns. Noted that text of plans will be revised to omit text, policy/objectives on issues covered by the Town Development Plans. Town Plans remain in force until 2020.	
BM.02.04.01				
(Core Strategy)			Issue 2:Metropolitan Cork Strategic Land Reserve  Written statement provides improved clarity in relation to the function of the	Noted. No Change Proposed.
BM. 01.07.07 (Cork Gateway			identified Strategic Land Reserves sites. High level appraisal has resulted in the emergence of 6. No Strategic Land Reserves sites. However, all 12 sites will require further detailed investigation including more specific environmental assessment based on a clear evidence-based approach and	
BM. 02.07.01 Large Scale			engagement with local communities.	
Retail ware housing)			Issue 3: Alignment of Cork County Development Plan Core Strategy and Quantum of LAP Zonings	Noted. No Change Proposed.
BM. 02.07.03 (Water Services Infrastructure)			The Department notes and welcomes the fact that your authority has moved to address certain disparities between the County Development Plan Core Strategy and housing/land allocations within the proposed Municipal District Local Area Plans.	
BM. 02.05.04 (Economic Zonings)			Issue 4: Cork Gateway Large Scale Retail warehousing (6,000+)  Notes and welcomes the fact that Council has amended the written statement in relation to large scale retail warehousing, incorporating the criteria as set out in the Retail Planning Guidelines, 2012.	Noted. No Change Proposed.

Amendme nt Ref.No	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
BM. 02.07.04 (NPF)  BM. 01.07.06 (Urban Regeneration and Housing Act 2015)			Issue 5: Water Services Infrastructure Notes and welcomes the fact that Council has included an additional objective to address the issue of developer provided infrastructure.  Issue 6: Economic Zonings Notes and welcomes the fact that your authority has now included tables within each of the Municipal District Local Area Plans outlining the amount of "Employment Land Supply" and addressed certain site specific issues raised in its previous submission.  A number of additional material amendments are also welcomed, including;  Reference to the forthcoming National Planning Framework and Regional Spatial and Economic Strategies;  Implementation of the provisions of the Urban Regeneration and Housing Act 2015; and  Reference to the requirement of Active Land Management.  Department seeks Councils co-operation in addressing the following residual and additional issues;  Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) Some issues raised previously have been addressed, including coastal settlements flood zone mapping, policies in relation to downstream flood impacts and identifying flood storage areas. Note that issues inside Town Council areas cannot be addressed in this process.	Noted. No Change Proposed.  Noted. No Change Proposed.  Noted. No Change Proposed.
			<ol> <li>Scale and Sustainability of Development</li> <li>Little Island. Proposed amendment CB.03.06.10 inserting a new objective LI-X-01 allowing for medium density residential development up to a maximum of 250 dwelling units is considered excessive in relation to the existing local context.</li> <li>Where development boundaries have been extended must ensure that the estimated housing yields for villages as set out in Table 2.2 within the eight MD LAPs is not exceeded.</li> <li>LAPs broadly consistent with CDP 2014 Core Strategy. Concerned that MD Housing Requirement and Supply Tables have not included</li> </ol>	This issue is dealt with in the Chief Executives Report for the Cobh Municipal District.  Noted. No Change Proposed.  Noted. Each MD Housing

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No		·		·
			any rural housing yield.CSO data shows in 2016 that 51% of homes constructed in County Cork since 2011 were one off houses and one off houses represent 72% of the total occupied permanent housing. Request Council to monitor these trends closely and to submit report to the Department within 6 months on the implications of these treads for achieving core strategy objectives and the extent of any dissipation may have on settlement development potential and the potential policy or investment measures that could be deployed to turn such a pattern around.	Requirement and Housing Supply Table includes a figure for rural housing requirement. This in effect the same as rural housing supply.  The CSO data quoted would need to be assessed against the background of very limited construction in urban areas since 2008/09 which is only now starting to recover and the fact that new rural housing policy covering whole county has only been in place since December 2014.  The Council will as part of the
				review of the CDP starting towards the end of this year carry out a detailed study of rural housing trends since 2011 building on previous work done. This would establish a trend over a 10-15 year period in which to properly assess the effectiveness or otherwise of the rural housing policy.
Proposed Amendments: BM.01.08.01 (SLR & ALM) BM.01.07.04 (Density)	AMD210065 49	Cork City Council	Submission addresses a number of issues, namely the Strategic Land Reserve, Housing Densities, City Gateway Initiative and the Maglin Urban Expansion Area.  These can be summarised as follows,  Strategic Land Reserve  Notes that the 12 no. proposed Strategic Land Reserves (SLRs) have been retained as potential options to provide capacity headroom, subject to further detailed assessments including environmental assessments.	Noted. No Change Proposed.

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No				
Ref.No BM.01.07.07 (City Gateway Initiative)			Still have some reservations in relation to the Strategic Land Reserves, (given the indicated housing densities). Welcomes the high level appraisal of the proposed SLR sites based on a sequential approach; i.e. that green belt lands located within the city environs should be developed in the first instance; that sites offer opportunities to leverage maximum returns on infrastructural investment; and that sites offer multi-modal transport opportunities for local trips.  Housing Densities  The Development Plan Guidelines for Planning Authorities are highlighted in this submission as the submission reiterates that an increase in density in appropriate accessible locations would reduce the need for, or reduce the quantum of land required for the 'Strategic Land Reserve.' Higher densities in accessible locations would support sustainable transport in Metropolitan Cork and would encourage modal shift.  Given that significant infrastructural deficits have been a major factor in the low growth rate in recent years within the Cork Metropolitan Area, the submission supports the Active Land Management initiative, including the Housing Infrastructure Implementation Team to secure delivery of relevant core infrastructure.  The phased approach to housing delivery is welcomed, but contends that the density (range of 14 - 30 units per hectare) is inadequate "to foster sustainable economic and population growth through the delivery of an efficient transport system" as per Section 10.1.2 of the Cork County Development Plan.  Asserts that increased residential densities are warranted (at a minimum net density of 35 units per hectare), in line with the County Development Plan Objective HOU 4-1 Housing Density on Housing Land, and the "Guidelines on Sustainable Residential Development in Urban Areas" in order to address car dependency and to support planned high quality public transport investments.	Noted. No Change Proposed.

Amendme nt Ref.No	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
Kelino			City Gateways Initiative  Welcomes the clarification on City Gateways that this initiative will focus on aesthetic and environmental improvements in these areas in advance of an integrated land use and development framework to be conducted in collaboration with relevant stakeholders, including Cork City Council, NTA and TII.	Noted. No Change Proposed.
			Maglin Urban Expansion Area States that there is no provision evident for the QBC route referred to (in the transportation text) at present and there is a risk that development of the zoned land may reduce the options for such a route. Considers that it would be desirable to give an indication that once a location for the route is indentified as part of the Metropolitan Cork Transport Study or other route selection study, that it will be required to be incorporated into development proposals for the zoned land.	<b>Noted.</b> This issue is dealt with in the CEO's report for the Ballincollig – Carrigaline Municipal District.

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No	Sub NO.	interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Ophilion
Proposed Amendments:	AMD210054 31	Cork Chamber	Welcomes the defined process of Active Land Management as instrumental in achieving the type of development that is sought for across the region.  Commends the focus on mixed use development, public space and amenities	Noted. No Change Proposed.
BM.01.08.01			which will support sustainable communities into the future.	
(SLR & ALM)			Stresses the necessity for adequate and appropriate lands to be zoned for	
BM.01.07.06 (Urban Regeneration)			residential and industrial development into the future and note the revisions within the Proposed Amendments to the LAP's with regard to zoning for residential development aimed at meeting future demand and facilitating future headroom.	
DN4 04 07 02			Tuture neadroom.	
BM.01.07.03 (Managing Downstream Flood Impacts)			LAPs should complement the LIHAF funding to bring much needed housing to market as soon as possible and highlights the criticality of ensuring that lands zoned are appropriate to meeting the zoning purpose and future function across all adopted Local Area Plans.	
BM.01.07.08 (Transport			For example, believe that Little Island should continue to be focused as a much needed area for industrial employment and development.	
Strategy for the Metropolitan			Welcomes the emphasis on urban regeneration and retail via the Town Centre Improvement Scheme.	
Area)			Highlights the importance of ensuring that the Development Contribution Scheme does not place an onerous budget requirement on planned developments.	
			Welcomes the emphasis on flooding and the management of downstream flood impacts. However, also reiterates the point made in the initial submissions that flood zone mapping should now take account of the presence of functioning flood protection structures and be kept updated as protection structures come into operation.	
			Welcomes the decision to retain the original 12 SLR sites and acknowledge the identification of the 6 SLR's (Castletreasure, Frankfield/ Grange, Togher/ Doughcloyne, Ardrostig, Ballincollig East- Carrigrohane and Oldcourt) which are likely to have the greatest potential as regards delivering capacity.	
			Highlight the urgency in progressing these sites through the assessment phase towards delivery. Welcome the emphasis on phased delivery of housing with the key infrastructure, facilitates and amenity requirements being delivered strategically to serve future developments.	

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
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Ref.No				
			Welcomes the development of a Transport Strategy for Cork Metropolitan	
			Area and its objective to provide a long-term strategic planning framework	
			for transport infrastructure across Metropolitan Cork.	
			Highlights the recently completed Cork 2050, joint Cork County Council and	
			Cork City Council proposal to the National Planning Framework process, and	
			highlights the high level strategic approach adopted within this as a valuable	
			guiding template towards future strategic and integrated transport,	
			residential, retail and industrial developments.	
BM.03.03.02	AMD209989	Department of	Submission notes that the Department uses a GIS based approach, using data	Noted.
( Macroom	54	Education and Skills	from their own department, the Central Statistics Office, Ordnance Survey	
School Sites)			Ireland and the Department of Social Protection, to undertake a nationwide	The Department welcomes
			demographic analyses to identify where the pressure for new school places	Proposed Amendment
			will arise.	BM.03.03.02 to the Draft
				Blarney Macroom Municipal
			The department will continue to work closely with the Council in relation to	District Local Area Plan. The
			securing sites for educational provision of new schools.	Council will work with the
			The Department further emphasises the critical importance of the Council	Department of Education and
			The Department further emphasises the critical importance of the Council ensuring that sufficient and appropriate land is zoned for this purpose in	Skills to deliver a primary and post primary schools in
			accordance with the Development Plan Guidelines for Planning Authorities	Macroom Town.
			and the provisions of the Department of Education and Skills Technical	Wacroom Town.
			Guidance Documents for schools, so that schools have access to the	
			necessary infrastructure, and can be delivered within the required	No Change Proposed.
			timeframe, without undue additional costs to the Department.	ivo change i roposca.
			timename, without and a dualitional costs to the Department	
			Submission reiterates the main provisions of Guidance in relation to schools	
			sites being proximate to other community facilities, provision of multi	
			campus school arrangements, retaining buffers around existing school sites	
			etc.	!
			The Department welcomes Proposed Amendment <b>BM.03.03.02</b> to the Draft	
			Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan. The Council will work	
			with the Department of Education and Skills to deliver a primary and post	
			primary schools in Macroom Town.	
			Submission notes that a listing of the school projects planned for 2016-2021	
			is available on the Department's website, in addition to technical guidance	
			documents used by the Department to calculated educational needs, design	

Alea Flail N			Proposed Amendments	
Amendme nt Ref.No	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
			school facilities.  Demographic changes throughout the County will continue to be monitored on an ongoing basis and it is possible that additional needs will arise. In this context also it is critical that sufficient land is zoned for future educational needs.	
Proposed Amendments:	AMD 20981713	EPA	Note position with regard to the need for Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) of the Amendments.	Noted. No Change Proposed.
BM. 02.07.03 (Water Services Infrastructure) BM.01.07.03 (Managing Downstream Flood Impacts)			Flood Risk Management In providing for the additional zoning/re-zoning of lands, the Amendments should fully take into account and implement the requirements of the Planning System and Flood Risk Management Guidelines (DEHLG, 2009), as relevant and appropriate.  Core-Strategy Approach to Development Should seek to ensure that the zoning, re-zoning and development of lands	
BM.02.04.01 (Core Strategy)			remain consistent with the County Core Strategy and the Regional Planning Guidelines.  Infrastructure Led Development	
			Amendments relating to the need to align development with the necessary infrastructure to support it should assist in ensuring an integrated sustainable approach is implemented.	
BM.01.07.08 (Transport Strategy for the Metropolitan Area)			Transport Planning  Note proposal to prepare a Cork Metropolitan Area Transport Strategy' (CATS) during 2017. This Strategy should support the transport-related objectives of the Draft National Mitigation Plan (DCCAE, 2017) and the Draft National Policy Framework on Alternative Fuels Infrastructure (DCCAE, 2016) in particular. The requirements of the SEA Directive and associated Regulations (S.I. No. 435 of 2004, as amended) should also be taken into account in regard to the preparation of the proposed transport strategy.	
BM. 02.07.03 (Water Services			Protection of Water Quality Status  Need to ensure that development and any related land use zoning/rezoning, take account of the relevant recommendations of the Draft River Basin	

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No				
Infrastructure)			Management Plan for Ireland 2018-2021 (DHPCLG, 2017).  Future Amendments to the Draft Plans  Determine whether or not the implementation of future proposed	
			Amendments would be likely to have significant effects on the environment.	
BM.01.07.08 (Transport Strategy for the Metropolitan Area)  BM.03.02.07 (Stoneview	AMD209931 86	NTA	Submission notes that preparation of the Cork Metropolitan Area Transport Strategy will provide the opportunity to assess a broad range of transport investment options, at a strategic MD level, against a number of land use scenarios over a period of 20 years. As such, plan proposals relating to the provision of strategic supporting transport infrastructure or transport services would more appropriately be informed by the Transport Strategy.	Preparation of the Cork Metropolitan Area Transport Strategy has just commenced. Relevant future outputs from the Strategy will inform future plans. No change proposed.
UEA)  BM.01.07.07 (City Gateway Initiative)			<b>Urban Expansion Areas including BM.03.02.07 (Stoneview UEA)</b> : The NTA have requested the opportunity to comment in detail on the development strategies being prepared by the Council for the nine Urban Expansion Areas, prior to their finalisation and the adoption of the LAPs and post completion of the Cork Metropolitan Area Transport Strategy.	Noted. The Council is statutorily required to finalise the Local Area Plan process by July 2017. No change proposed.
BM.02.07.01 (Large scale retail warehousing) BM.02.07.02 (Outlet Centres)			<b>City Gateway Initiative</b> : submission seeks clarity on what is meant by the term. "integrated land use and development framework".	This initiative will initially focus on aesthetic and environmental improvements. The nature of the future framework will emerge over time in consultation with relevant stakeholders.  No change proposed.
BM.01.08.01 (SLR & ALM)			Large Scale Retail Warehousing: NTA remains concerned that retail development of this scale and nature could have wide implications for the functionality and development of existing and proposed strategic transport infrastructure in terms of its utility and operational capacity over time. NTA recommend omission of this element of the LAP until such time as a more evidence based plan led approach to identifying suitable locations for such development has been undertaken.	Planning Authority has set out clear guidelines in relation to this issue in line with the advice given by the Department of Housing, Planning Community and Local Government. The amendment recognises the key role of

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No				
Remo				public transport provision. No change proposed.
			<b>Outlet centres</b> : Given the promotion of a sequential and town centre focused approach to retail warehousing in the Guidelines, there is a similar need for a strong evidence based and plan led approach to this type of retail development. NTA recommend omission of this element of the LAP until such time as potential sites have been appropriately identified.	As part of the amendment the Council has provided detailed site selection criteria re the provision of outlet centres, which recognises the role of public transport services.  No change proposed.
			Strategic land Reserve Sites: NTA recommends that the SLR sites be omitted from the Plans pending greater clarity on the formal framework for the selection and assessment of the sites, the process for consultation with statutory stakeholders, and the mechanism for prioritising the sites for development. In the case of the Ballincollig / Carrigaline Draft MDLAP, clarification is sought on what type of "high level appraisal" was undertaken.	The CDP identified a requirement for additional housing land in Metropolitan Cork. The SLR is a process that seeks to deliver those housing units following further evidence based research, the outcomes of which will involve an amendment to the respective local area plans. No change proposed.
			Strategic Employment Growth areas: Submission notes that the NTA have already recommended that, in selecting locations for substantial further employment growth, it should be clearly demonstrated that such locations won't undermine the CASP objective of achieving a greater consolidation of trip-intensive development within the most central locations/ public transport corridors, that they won't excessively add to the current pattern of car dependent commuting on the national road network, and that a strong case can be made for the chosen location based on functional complementarity / or specific operational requirements. In this context such proposals should be subject to a transport assessment process. These proposals would be most appropriately assessed through the preparation of the Transport Strategy for the Cork Metropolitan Area.	Preparation of the Cork Metropolitan Area Transport Strategy has just commenced. Relevant future outputs from the Strategy will inform future plans. No change proposed.

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
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Ref.No				
			New Cork Hospital within the Cork Science and Innovation Park: Submission notes that this proposals require further assessment, taking into consideration the indicative scale, functions, accessibility and operational requirements. Also a need for ongoing mobility management and transport mitigation measures within the CSIP and CIT campus, inclusive of clear framework for consultation with key stakeholder such as the NTA and TII.	Agreed. Further assessments will be undertaken in consultation with all relevant stakeholders.
			Cork Airport: NTA recommends that the primary consideration in relation to the airport should be to safeguard and improve accessibility for the Airports primary function and that it needs to be demonstrated how bus based accessibility to the airport can be safeguarded and improved. With regard to the proposed provision for logistic, warehouse, distribution and tourism related projects at the airport, a clear indication is required as to the rationale for and indicative scale of such uses. NTA recommend that the Council undertakes a detailed analysis of the impacts of such development on the strategic road network and the extent to which such development could be meaningfully serviced by public transport.	Cork Airport is a key national asset. The uses identified are complimentary to the airport function. Airport currently served by public transport with potential to enhance services further.  No Change Proposed
			Submission concludes by indicating that the NTA would welcome the opportunity for further discussion on these issues .	Noted.
Proposed	AMD209931	Transport	(1) National Road Projects :	Noted. It is proposed to insert
Amendment:	86	Infrastructure Ireland	With respect to all plans the submission is concerned that all national roads	some additional non material
		(TII)	projects be correctly and clearly illustrated on the plan maps to ensure the	text into Section One of each
BM.01.07.08			routes are safeguarded and to assist the public in knowing the location and	plan under the heading of
(Transport			extent of the routes. With regard to specific routes in proposed LAPS, the	'Traffic and Transport',
Strategy for the			following is noted:	highlighting the fact that Route
Metropolitan Area)			N22 Ballyvourney to Macroom – route shown by unlabelled back line does	Protection Corridors will be shown on the Local Area Plan
Aleaj			not show the exact layout of the scheme or junctions and needs to be	Map Browser, in the same way
DM 01 09 01			improved.	as they are currently included
BM.01.08.01				on the CDP Map Browser.
(SLR & ALM)			M8/ N25/N40 Dunkettle Interchange: route shown needs to be checked for	
BM.01.07.07			accuracy and labeled.	'The Council, in consultation
(City Gateway Initiative)			N28 Ringaskiddy / Cork – Document has been submitted to An Bord Pleanala.	with the Transport Infrastructure Ireland, will protect proposed national road

Amendme nt	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
Ref.No			Labelling and formatting of the scheme on the online map browser needs to	route corridors where the
BM.02.07.01 (Large scale			be improved prior to the final adoption of the MDLAP's.	route selection process has been completed/approved and
retail warehousing)			For other schemes – M20 Cork Limerick /N40 Northern Relief Road/ N25 Carrigtwohill Midleton, N25 Midleton Youghal, N22 Ballincollig Macroom and	where preferred route corridors have been identified.
			N71 Bandon-Inishannon, many of them are unmapped in the plans despite	The line of these Route
BM.02.07.02 (Outlet			references to them in the text of the plan. This creates inconsistency and confusion this needs to be addressed in final plan to assist the public.	Protection Corridors are shown in Volume 3 LAP Map Browser
Centres)				which is accessible through www.corkcoco.ie.'
	Planning authority policies should not compromise the road planning and route option evaluation process where road scheme planning is underway, or		Amendment No. BM.01.07.08.	
BM.02.07.03	have effect of altering the function of these works or increase the cost of		Minor Modification Proposed.	
(Local Area Plan LAS-01)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	referenced and/or mapped in the local area plans and the capacity of existing	
			2) Protection of National Routes.  TII advocates that local area plan policies should reflect and safeguard the strategic role of national roads and associated interchanges/ junctions in catering for the safe and efficient movement of major inter-urban and interregional traffic.  Therefore, TII acknowledges the following amendments and makes the following observations:	Local Area Plans must comply with the Policy and Objectives set out in the County Development Plan, in particular Objective TM 3-1 National Road Network which sets out a clear policy on the protection of National Routes.
			a) Cork Metropolitan Area Transport Strategy TII welcomes the advancement of a Transport Strategy for the Cork Metropolitan Area but are disappointed they have not been consulted re same given their responsibility for National Transport Infrastructure. They request that they are involved as key collaborators.	Noted. The NTA are the lead organisation on this project.
			b) Active Land Management and Strategic Land Reserve Sites. Submission notes provisions of amendments in relation to this issue, the fact that sites remain identified as SLRs and the reference to detailed analysis having been carried out through which the planning authority is now indicating a preference for some sites over others. Submission queries what criteria was	The CDP identified a requirement for additional housing land in Metropolitan Cork. The SLR is a process that

Amendme nt	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
Ref.No			used for the analysis and notes that TII were not consulted even though many of the sites raise issues for national road network. TII consider it inappropriate and premature to retain the SLR sites in the Plans as there is no formal framework for review of the sites, the information provided is poor and there is no evidence of appropriate consultation having been carried out with statutory stakeholders. The justification for selecting the sites is unclear. It is also unclear how and when the land is to be released. From a national roads perspective, the sites are located in areas which suffer from a lack of local road capacity and poor public transportation networks which would create an unsustainable impacts on the national road network.	seeks to deliver those housing units following further evidence based research, the outcomes of which will involve an amendment to the respective local area plans.  No change proposed.
			c) City Gateway Initiatives TII notes the clarification provided and looks forward to close cooperation and consultation in regard to the development of proposals within these areas to ensure compliance with the provisions of the DoECLG Spatial Planning and National Roads Guidelines. Submission requests that this element of the plan be omitted.	Noted. No change proposed.
			Retail Warehousing  The Cork Metropolitan Area is very reliant on the national road network which has a finite capacity and which will require demand management measures in the future to maintain its operational capability. Retail land use of this scale and nature with a national and regional catchment would have wide implications for strategic transport infrastructure which needs to be addressed in accordance with statutory guidance - Retail Planning Guidelines and Spatial Planning and National Roads Guidelines for Planning Authorities (2012).	Planning Authority has set out clear guidelines in relation to this issue in line with the advice given by the Department of Housing, Planning Community and Local Government. The Council is satisfied that National Road Infrastructure will be
			Given the promotion of a sequential and town-centre -focused approach to retail development in the Retail Planning Guidelines 2012, there is a clear need for a strong, evidence-based, plan-led and integrated land use and transport approach to planning for this section of the retail market. Deferring considered of such strategic issues to development management is not a suitable way of ensuring such significant proposals are assessed in a coordinated way.  TII aims to protect the significant Exchequer investment in the national road net work in the area and will appeal any decisions to grant planning	appropriately safeguarded. No change proposed.

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No				
			permission in cases where the strategic function and safety on the national road network is compromised.	
			e) Retail Outlet Centres  Submission requests that this element of the plan be omitted for the same reasons outlined above with respect to Retail Warehousing – need for an evidence based, plan led approach which takes an integrated approach to land use and transportation planning and reflects statutory guidance in respect of Retail Development and Spatial Planning /National Roads infrastructure. Deferring considered of such strategic issues to development management is not a suitable way of ensuring such significant proposals are assessed in a co-ordinated way and will set an undesirable precedent within the planning authority area. TII again advise that they will appeal any decisions to grant planning permission in cases where the strategic function and safety on the national road network is compromised.	As part of the amendment the Council has provided detailed site selection criteria re the provision of outlet centres, which recognises the role of public transport services. The Council is satisfied that National Road infrastructure will be appropriately safeguarded.  No change proposed.
			f) <b>LAP objective LAS-01</b> . Submission welcomes changes to this objective with respects to national roads.	Noted.
			(3) Development Contributions Submission notes that, as previously advised, funding for national road improvements required to facilitate appropriate private developments will not be the responsibility of Transport Infrastructure Ireland. Costs of appropriate upgrades to national roads will have to be met by the developer concerned. It is critical that the local authority identifies what upgrades will be required to facilitate development and establishes clear funding and delivery framework mechanisms for such works. This clarity is critical not only for the management of the safety, capacity and efficiency of the national road network but also with regard to risk and investment decisions made within the private development sector.  In the absence of such clarity, TII is the opinion of TII that development	Cork Council intends to issue a draft Development Contribution Schemes for public consultation later this year.
			proposals should be considered unacceptable and premature. This is a critical issue which needs to be addressed by the Council.	

Amendme nt Ref.No			Chief Executive's Opinion	
			Blarney Macroom MD Requests consultation with regards to the preparation of a new framework plan for lands at Stoneview and Ringwood in particular with regard to proposals to a) replace existing N20 Blarney Interchange, phasing and construction management issues along N20 and apparent commitments of funding for roads infrastructure.	Noted. Council will work with key stakeholders to ensure delivery of infrastructure required.  No change proposed.
			Seeks clarification with regard to N20 widening referenced in draft plan.	Noted. No change proposed.
			Mitigation measures to facilitate private development in this area are matters for Cork county Council to address including delivery and funding.	Noted. No change proposed.
			Appropriate setback should be provided for development of lands close to national routes.	Noted. See response to No.1 above.
			The N22Ballyvourney to Macroom Scheme, including a bypass of Macroom Town has full statutory approval and land purchase is under way. Welcomes the partial indicative line shown on map browser, however requests that appropriate mapping including junctions should be shown.	Noted. See response to No.1 above.
			In Kilumney/Ovens welcomes the inclusion of proposed amendment BM.04.07.01. Note that two additional zoning have been included in proximity to the corridor BM.04.07 and BM.04.07.05. States that zonings should not compromise the road planning and route option evaluation process in circumstances where road scheme planning is underway. Such zonings should not have the effect of altering the function of these routes or increasing the cost of land to be acquired.	Noted.
Blarney	1			1
BM.03.02.03	AMD 20981774	Claire Forrest Blarney Ringwood	The submitter welcomes most changes proposed in amendment BM.03.02.03.	The issue with regard to consistency within text relating to delivery of key roads
			The proposed increase in housing densities are considered more accurate.  The acknowledgement that these figures are minimums is also welcomed.  The removal of a requirement to provide the proposed N20 overbridge or	infrastructure is noted.  Therefore it is proposed to
			N20 road widening prior to the commencement of development at	remove the reference to

Amendme nt Ref.No	nt ,		Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion	
			Ringwood is also supported.  While the inclusion of a new objective for a new road east west from the Blarney Link Road to Station Road (U - 02) is supported, the indication that it will be the developer's responsibility does not accord with the overall strategy for the provision of necessary infrastructure in Blarney. In addition, the proposed amendment similarly indicates that the provision of the Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road) is now also to become partly the responsibility of the developer.  Note that paragraph 3.2.126 of the Draft LAP already states that Cork County Council will be responsible for the funding and construction of the key roads infrastructure to and within the Ringwood site. It is evident that the Blarney Link Road forms part of the key road infrastructure to and within the Ringwood site. Secondly, in Table 3.5 of the proposed amendment (relating to infrastructure provision at Stoneview), Cork County Council are again identified as the delivery agency for the Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road).	"developer" in Table 3.6 to ensure a consistent approach to key infrastructure delivery. See minor modification to Proposed Amendment BM.03.02.03.  Minor Modifications Proposed.	
			The proposed amendment therefore contains conflicting and inconsistent statements in relation to the provision of some elements of road infrastructure.  The Planning Authority's overall strategy for the delivery of new housing within Blarney includes the provision of necessary infrastructure. It is submitted that the final LAP should clarify that this is the case.  The submitter welcomes the inclusion of a new objective (U-02) for the provision of a new link road. However, it is suggested that that its delivery would be better served by a change in the demarcation of the existing residential zoning objectives at Ringwood. It is requested that the existing residential zoning objective BL-R-05 is split into two separate residential zoning objectives as illustrated in the maps attached.		
			Finally, the proposed amendment's changes to the Stoneview development programme, as set out in Tables 3.4 and 3.5, are noted. These revised tables identify the proposed on-site and off-site infrastructure delivery programme and highlight the relevant delivery agency for each element of infrastructure. Table 3.4 of the Draft LAP, setting out Stoneview's Infrastructure Requirements, is to be deleted in its entirety. The submitter opinion is that it is inappropriate that the two major urban expansion areas		

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			in Blarney would have separate and different implementation programmes. On this basis, it is requested that the delivery and implementation programmes be reviewed and amended to ensure consistency and reflect the same strategy for delivery.	
No amendment	AMD210024 25	Blarney Regeneration Group	Submission outlined the desirability of providing a new Section of Road and Zoning of the BL- R - 18 Site to West of Blarney Town Centre. It is considered that the availability of these two adjacent sites- BL-R-18 and BL-X-01 represent a unique opportunity to achieve major regeneration and huge benefits for Blarney's future. However these benefits will best be realised if both sites are zoned Town Centre and developed together for the following reasons-  * Delivery of the optimum level of accommodation - residential , retail , commercial and community  * Proposed buildings could define and embrace a network of attractive pedestrian (save for emergency access) spaces and laneways between town centre and O'Reilly's Field including new Greenway. Where possible streets could be aligned to provide framed views of Blarney Castle Tower. A visually coherent development when viewed from R617 as it approaches town from north west and ,more crucially , from the top of the Blarney Castle Tower. This view is of critical importance - rows of semi-detached houses and flat-roofed blocks in a sea of tarmac will not deliver the picturesque composition or sense of exhilaration which thousands of visitors who climb to the top of the Tower deserve. Accordingly It is essential that the development of these two sites is of a piece and provides an image which is sympathetic to both Blarney Castle's physical and mystic heritage. To this end the new section of road needed to complete the much needed "loop" around the town should be located west of this Development.	Issues raised were not the subject of proposed amendments and therefore cannot be considered at this stage.  No Change Proposed.
Macroom		<del>,</del>		
No amendment	AMD207174 76	Michael and Mary Hallissey	Proposes to designate a portion of land at Raleigh North and Gortyleahy Macroom which is currently in the Macroom Town Greenbelt as a GB1-2 to facilitate local housing needs.	This issue was not the subject of a proposed amendment and therefore cannot be considered at this stage.  No Change Proposed.

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion	
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Ref.No					
Killumney Oven	S				
BM 04.07.04 & BM 04.01.01	AMD209950 91	Frank & Michael McCarthy	Submitter owns c.10 hectares of land located at Grange Cross and this submission relates to Proposed Amendments BM 04.07.07 & BM 04.01.01 and more specifically to the scale and phasing of development within Killumney/Ovens. Seeks the following modifications to Amendment BM 04.01.01 so as not to compromise the development potential of this 10 ha site - 1. Modify amendment BM 04.01.01 and Table 4.1 to increase the Normal recommended scale of any individual scheme in Killumney/Ovens to 80/100 units. 2. Modify the amendment BM 04.01.01 to refer to the criteria included in the Sustainable Residential Development in Urban Area ( Cities, Towns & Villages) Guidelines for Planning Authorities as outlined in points (a) to (f).	It is considered that the Councils approach to dealing with the appropriate scale of development in smaller settlements complies with the requirements of the Sustainable Residential Developments in Urban Areas Guidelines.  No Change Proposed.	
No Amendment	AMD209706 63	John, Geraldine and Barry Keane	Zone the land outlined in map for residential development at Grange, Ovens. Planning was granted in the 1970's for 18 houses on the site which has now lapsed. Rezoning will provide suitable serviced land to deliver housing for the future, in close proximity to urban centres and will balance the developments that are predominantly north of the Killumney road. In addition, any development will not encroach on the hillside directly south and will not impact visual amenity.	This proposal was not the subject of a proposed amendment and therefore cannot be considered at this stage.  No Change Proposed.	
Tower					
BM.04.08.03, BM.04.01.01 and BM.04.08.05	AMD209810 46	Mr. Kevin McDonnell and Mr. Paul Coburn	Submission relates to a 5.81ha site located in the south west corner of the Key Village of Tower. These lands are part of an extension to the development boundary proposed in the Blarney Macroom Draft Local Area Plan. Do not object to the inclusion of a requirement to carry out a Flood Risk Assessment prior to the development of their lands as per amendment BM04.08.03. It states that the Planning Authority should note that such an assessment has already be carried out by Irish Hydro Data consultants based on a draft development scheme for the lands. Welcomes amendment BM.04.08.05. Requests that further amendments in relation to the scale of development permitted within settlements and on individual sites within same. Suggests that maximum figures for individual housing schemes within key villages should be removed on the basis that a statement clarifying that such schemes will need to respect the scale and character of the existing settlement is sufficient to properly address matters of design, scale and layout. Amendment BM.04.01.01 relates to the scale of development in key villages. Removal of wording indicating that no individual scheme exceeds 40 units is welcomed. However, the	Noted. It is considered that the Councils approach to managing the appropriate scale of development in smaller settlements complies with the Sustainable Residential Development in Urban Areas Guidelines.  No Change Proposed.	

Amendme Sub No. Interested Party Summary of Submission nt Ref.No			Chief Executive's Opinion		
			objective still remains a maximum growth figure of 182 for the settlement of Tower over the lifetime of the Plan. Requests that the proposed scale of development figure is reviewed and modified (or removed) to better reflect the potential for residential development within the settlement.		
BM.04.08.06	AMD209907 75	Ken O'Connell	Support of the proposal to put a development boundary around a field to the north-west of Tower opposite St. Senans cemetery. Considers that the Cemetery marks the development boundary of Tower, the area is serviced and that housing on this site will provide badly needed housing for locals.	See Section 2.2 and Appendix C.	
BM.04.08.06.	AMD209921 46	Patricia Buckley	Supports the proposal to put a development boundary around a field to the north-west of Tower The submitter states that the area is serviced and in need of housing.	See Section 2.2 and Appendix C.	
BM.04.08.06.	AMD209939 35	Paddy	Support of the proposal to put a development boundary around a field to the north-west of Tower opposite St. Senans cemetery.	See Section 2.2 and Appendix C.	
BM.04.08.01	AMD210060 44	Mr. Frank Forbes, Chairman Senandale Residents Association and Mr. Jim Luttrell, Secretary, Senandale Residents Association, C/o 12 Senandale, Cloghroe, Co. Cork	Submission makes reference to proposed amendment BM.04.08.01, however the correct amendment in this case is BM.04.08.03. Request that the following be included in the policy objective for the lands to the rear of Senendale which are proposed to be zoned for residential development. "The development of the lands are subject to the submission of a detailed Flood Impact Assessment in accordance with the Flood Risk management Plans for Planning Authorities 2009. The FIA should provide site specific detailed hydrological modelling of the river and also include detailed surveys of existing culvert and pipe in the area to determine the existing capacity of storm water sewers in the area. The FIA should also include drainage proposals for the improvement of the existing drainage regime associated with the adjacent Senendale Housing Development"	It is considered that the proposed amendment BM.01.08.03 relating to flood risk assesment on lands in Tower is comprehensive enough to deal with all the issues raised in the submission.  No Change Proposed.	
BM.01.08.01 and BM.04.01.01	AMD210049 44	Denis OShea	The submission seeks revised wording for Proposed Amendment BM.04.01.01 in relation to the Appropriate Scale of Development for Key Villages, and requests Cork County Council to commit to examining the uptake of zoned land in Key Villages. The submitter states that the issues raised in this submission in relation to lands at Coolflugh, Cloghroe, Tower	Noted. No change proposed.	

Amendme Sub No. Interested Party		Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Def No				
Ref.No			are specifically related to Proposed Amendment BM.01.08.01 and	
			BM.04.01.01, nonetheless apply Countywide and to Key Villages and the	
			Active Land Management process. Proposed Amendment BM.01.08.01 in	
			respect of the Councils Active Land Management process seeks to provide	
			for the ongoing monitoring and evaluation of projected housing demand in	
			the Cork Region; the planning consent process (planning permissions	
			granted/refused for multiple house schemes), commencement	
			notifications, housing completion rates; The roll-out and delivery of	
			essential infrastructure by state agencies; opportunities to promote modal	
			shift and sustainable transport patterns; supporting the vitality and	
			viability of Metropolitan Cork, towns, villages and settlements throughout	
			Cork. This is a welcome initiative to ensure that the Council has sufficient	
			information to be able to plan for housing needs in a proactive way.	
			Specifically in relation to Key Villages, it is noted that it is intended to	
			monitor the delivery of housing units in Key Villages, Villages and Village	
			Nuclei, having regard to the stated Scale of Development and Normal	
			Recommended Scale of any Individual Scheme requirements set out in the	
			relevant Local Area Plan. This submission requests Cork County Council to	
			examine the up-take of zoned land in Key Villages, and to understand and	
			respond to the challenges to their being brought forward for development,	
			particularly in the context of the quantum of one-off rural housing	
			applications being approved in the vicinity. Proposed Amendment	
			BM.04.01.01 seeks to insert the following text as a footnote in Table 4.1	
			Appropriate Scale of Development for Key Villages: The normal	
			recommended scale of any individual scheme is set out in the above table.	
			Individual schemes in excess of the recommended scale set out in the	
			above table may be considered where it is demonstrated that the overall	
			scheme layout reinforces the existing character of the village and the	
			scheme is laid out, phased and delivered, so as not to reflect a residential	
			housing estate more suited to a larger settlement. The submitter states	
			that this Proposed Amendment is entirely unclear, ambiguous, and overly	
			complicated. The effect of this Proposed Amendment is that, in the	
			absence of a clear and unambiguous objective, assessments of multiple	
			residential proposals in Key Villages by Planning Authorities, in particular	
			An Bord Pleanala, will, unfortunately, be entirely subjective. The Planning	
			Authority has indicated that the overall scale of new development and	
			recommended scale of any individual scheme in the Countys village	
			network is consistent with the Departments Sustainable Urban Housing	

# Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Review

Amendme	Sub No.	Interested Party	Summary of Submission	Chief Executive's Opinion
nt Ref.No				
			Guidelines. Submitter proposes a much simpler and clearer approach to the issue as follows: The normal recommended scale of any individual scheme is set out in the above table. Individual schemes in excess of the recommended scale set out in the above table may be considered where it is demonstrated that the overall scheme layout reinforces the existing character of the village and the scheme is laid out, phased and delivered, so as not to reflect a residential housing estate more suited to a larger settlement.	
Rylane/Seiscne	1		<del>_</del>	
No amendment	AMD208738 82	Rylane Community Park Association	The Rylane Community Park Association (RCPA) has just purchased a suitable field as there is widespread support across the community to purchase and develop a community park. It is intended to in-corporate; (1)A pitch, (2)A playground, exercise and other facilities. (3)Pre-School / Creche in the lands outlined in red as per attached map. The submission notes that the immediate tasks are the design and layout of the area, and the visual improvement of the boundary fence, which will need to incorporate new entrances.	These issues are not the subject of a proposed amendment and therefore cannot be considered at this stage.  No Change Proposed.

# Appendix B List of Amendments Recommended by the Chief Executive

## Section 2 Proposed Amendments to the Draft Plan

#### 2.1 Overview

- **2.2.1** The following table sets out the precise text of the amendments to the Draft Plan. The amendments are set out on a Section basis indicating the amendment number, the text of the proposed change and the page number in the Draft Local Area where the change is proposed. Text that is to be deleted is shown with strike through and new text to be included is shown in bold.
- 2.1.2 Where significant amount of text forms part of the amendment this change is referenced in Table below but the text of the amendment is set out in a series of Appendices A1, A2 etc. All map amendments are set out in Section 3.

_	ndment f. No.	Proposed Amendment				Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
		Section 1: Intro	duction					
BM.0:	1.01.01					6	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	e Table 1. lopment F	Plans.		d replace with new Table 1.1 which include	s list of Town (	Council	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
		1	Table 1.1: Munic	ipal Districts in County Cork				
	Mu	nicipal District	Population 2011	Main Towns	No of villages			
	1 E	Ballincollig-Carrigaline	71,946	Ballincollig, Carrigaline, Passage West/ Monkstown/ Glenbrook, Cork City South Environs, Ringaskiddy	5			
	2	Bandon-Kinsale	42,454	Bandon, Kinsale (Kinsale Town Development Plan, 2009)	34			
	3	Blarney-Macroom	43,398	Blarney, Macroom (Macroom Town Development Plan, 2009)	54			

Amendment Ref. No.						Submission Received	
4	Cobh	53,544	Carrigtwohill, Cobh (Cobh Town Development Plan 2013), Glanmire, Little Island, Cork City North Environs. (Monard is proposed new town and a designated Strategic Development Zone)	24			
5	East Cork	42,399	Midleton (Midleton Town Development Plan 2013), Youghal (Youghal Town Development Plan, 2009)	30			
6	Fermoy	42,226	Charleville, Fermoy (Fermoy Town Development Plan, 2009), Mitchelstown	29			
7	Kanturk-Mallow	47,305	Buttevant, Kanturk, Mallow (Mallow Town Development Plan, 2009) Millstreet, Newmarket	46			
8	West Cork	56,530	Bantry, Castletownbere, Clonakilty (Clonakilty Town Development Plan, 2009), Dunmanway, Schull, Skibbereen (Skibbereen Town Development Plan, 2009)	67 & 7 Inhabited Islands			
	N	Note: This chang	e refers to the text of the draft plan only.	,			
M.01.07.01	Approach to Town Council Development Plans  Delete Paragraph 1.7.6 and replace with new text as follows;		12	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed		
	out of date, the Cou which plan for the di proposed to Vary the policy objectives of t Local Area Plans. Th those of the new Loc Development Plan, a	ncil has decided evelopment of c e Town Develop the Town Devek the Town Plans w cal Area Plan. Ir and the provisio	wn Development Plans date from 2009 and are to proceed on the basis of preparing new Local actions, and its environs, as one integrated ment Plans, such that the zoning provisions an expense property Plans are updated and incorporated in ill remain in force but the relevant zonings provisions of the event of a conflict between the provisions of the County Development Plan 2014, or the velopment Plan / Local Area Plans 2017, take provisions and the provisions of the County Development Plan 2014, or the velopment Plan / Local Area Plans 2017, take provisions.	ol Areas Plans- unit. It is- d associated- to the new- visions will be- s of a Town- ne new Local			
	Therefore, it is proposed to proceed on the basis that the Municipal District Local Area Plans will deal only with the environs of these towns, i.e. the area between the boundary of the administrative area of the former Town Council and the Development Boundary of the Town a delineated in maps included in this LAP. For clarity, the text of the plans will be revised to om text, policy / objectives on issues covered by the Town Development Plan and the LAP Maps will 'grey out' the area to which the Town Development Plan applies.						

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.		Page No.	Received	
	The current Town Council Development Plans will remain in force until the review of the Cork			
	County Development Plan, 2014 is completed in 2020 and these Town Development Plans are the reference point for guidance in relation to issues of proper planning and sustainable			
	development for land located within the administrative area of the former Town Council.			
	development for fand located within the administrative area of the former fown council.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
SM.01.07.02	Amend paragraph 1.7.26 to read 'regeneration sites have been identified in all-some towns.	18	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
M.01.07.03	Flood Risk Assessment and Management	21	No Submission	No Change
	Flood Kisk Assessment and Management		Received	Proposed
	Include additional text in section 1.7 after Objective IN-01 as follows:			
	Managing Downstream Flood Impacts.			
	When planning a development upstream of an area at risk of flooding, intending developers			
	need to be mindful of the need to consider the potential downstream flood impacts of a			
	development, even when the development itself is not in an area of flood risk. This relates in			
	particular to the management of surface water and to the wider issues of pluvial flood risk,			
	which may have downstream impacts. Detailed assessment of the potential downstream			
	impacts is particularly important in areas where flood defences have already been provided or			
	are planned downstream of a development, in order to ensure that there are no to adverse			
	effects on the standard of defence provided.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
M.01.07.04	Housing Density	21	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Insert new Heading "Housing Density" and text after "Green Infrastructure" as follows;			
	The approach to housing density used in this Plan is explained in Section 3.4 Housing Density,			
	Chapter 3 Housing, Volume One of the Cork County Development Plan, 2014. Objective HOU 4-			
	1, Housing Density on Zoned Land in Section 3.4 sets out the housing density standards			
	applicable to each category, High, Medium A and Medium B, along with an accompanying			
	guide to the densities in Table 3.1 Settlement Density Guide.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
M.01.07.05	Traffic and Transport	21	No Submission	No Change
	Insert new paragraph and maps relating to the Cork Cycling Network Plan after paragraph 1.7.45		Received	Proposed
	as follows;			
	Cork County Council and Cork City Council have prepared a cycling network plan for the Cork			

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.	·	Page No.	Received	
	Metropolitan area and surrounding towns. The objective of the project is to provide a clear			
	plan for the future development of the cycling network within the Metropolitan Area to			
	encourage greater use of cycling for trips to work, school, recreation and leisure. In this			
	Municipal District the relevant map is "U5 Blarney and Tower" which shows the details of proposed cycling network proposals for Blarney and Tower. Further details can be found in the			
	Cork Cycle Network Plan.			
	Cork Cycle Nethork Filani			
BM.01.07.06	Regeneration Areas	18	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Insert additional text after Paragraph 1.7.26 as follows;			
	It is the intention of Cork County Council to implement the provisions of the Urban			
	regeneration and Housing Act 2015, through the establishment of a Vacant sites register,			
	identifying sites on which a vacant site levy can be applied.			
	The planning authority will proactively engage through the Municipal District sub-county			
	structures, to identify suitable vacant sites on lands zoned residential and on lands designated			
	as regeneration areas in this plan, which meet the criteria for inclusion in the vacant site			
	register. This will be achieved through a focused application of the levy, facilitating sustainable urban development and bring such vacant sites and buildings in urban areas into beneficial			
	use.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.01.07.07	Insert the following new paragraph in the section on the City Gateway's Initiative:	19	No Submission	No Change
	"Initially this initiative will focus on aesthetic and environmental improvements in these areas		Received	Proposed
	in advance of an integrated Land Use and development framework to be conducted in			
	collaboration with the relevant stakeholders including, relevant landowners, Cork City Council,			
	the National Transport Authority and Transport Infrastructure Ireland."			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	21	No Submission	Amendment No.
BM.01.07.08	Transport Strategy for Metropolitan Area	21	Received	BM.01.07.08.
	Insert additional paragraph after 1.7.45 as follows;		Received	Minor
	The Council, in consultation with the Transport Infrastructure Ireland, will protect			Modification
	proposed national road route corridors where the route selection process has been			Proposed.
	completed/approved and where preferred route corridors have been identified. The			
	line of these Route Protection Corridors are shown in Volume 3 LAP Map Browser			
	which is accessible through www.corkcoco.ie.			
	Transport Strategy for Cork Metropolitan Area will be prepared during 2017 and its objective is			
	to provide a long-term strategic planning framework for integrated development of transport			

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.	infrastructure in Metropolitan Cork. It will be used to inform transport investment levels and prioritisation. Will provide analytical basis for integration of land use and transport planning – social, economic and environmental indicators. Strategy will be able to inform sustainable land use policy formulation.	Page No.	Received	
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.01.08.01	Strategic Land Reserve and Active Land Management	22	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Amend 'Strategic Land Reserve' Text, See Appendix B6			
	Section 2: Overall Strategy			
BM.02.03.01	The Blarney Macroom Municipal District	36	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Delete Table 2.1 and insert revised Table 2.1 revised settlement list See Appendix B1  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.02.04.01	Growth Strategy  Revise Table 2.2 to Amend Net Residential Areas and Housing Yield figures for Blarney and Macroom Towns and insert explanatory text after table. see Appendix B2.	38	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.02.04.02	Growth Strategy Revise Paragraph 2.4.8 as follows;  An analysis of water services capacity for this district indicates that without further investment in water services, it may only be possible to deliver 1,251 927 917 housing units within the villages of this district in the short / medium term. Sufficient headroom is available within the towns of the district to cater for the balance of the growth, should the need arise.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	39	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.02.04.03	Insert * beside Crookstown and insert the following text at end of Table 2.3 as follows;  *An increase in the number of additional dwellings could be considered subject to addressing water services and flood risk constraints		No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment	Proposed Amendment				Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.		·			Page No.	Received	
		to the text of the draft plan only	•		44		
BM.02.05.04	Insert revised Table 2.4 Employment Land Supply as follows					No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Table 2.4 Employment Land Supply						
	<b>T</b>			-			
	Town	Business (Ha)	Industrial (Ha)	-			
	Blarney	33.30	16.0	-			
	Macroom Total	<del>21.22</del> <b>12.22</b> <del>54.52</del> <b>45.52</b>	16.8	4			
	Total	<del>34.32_4</del> 3.32	16.8				
	Note: This change refers	to the text of the draft plan only	•				
BM.02.06.01	Heritage					No Submission Received	No Change
	Revise Environment and Heritage heading as follows;					Received	Proposed
	Environment and Heritage						
	and insert new text dealing with Archaeology after paragraph 2.6.12 as follows;						
	The Blarney Macroom Municipal District boasts a rich diversity of built heritage, both architectural and archaeological, across its rural and urban landscapes. These important links to the past give the district its unique sense of place and identity. The area has an interesting and wide range of archaeological heritage, dating from the Stone Age through to the Postmedieval period. The district has one of the most important tourist attractions in the country at Blarney Castle. Macroom is identified in the Urban Archaeological Survey of County Cork with a Zone of Archaeological Potential (ZAP). Much of the archaeology in the ZAP is subsurface or potentially incorporated into later buildings. For reference to all known archaeological monuments in the district see <a href="https://www.archaeology.ie">www.archaeology.ie</a> .						
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.						
BM.02.06.02	Heritage				44	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Insert text relating to Cultural Heritage (Múscraí Gaeltacht)after Paragraph 2.6.12 as follows;					Received	Порозец
	The Múscraí Gaeltacht area of the Blarney Macroom Municipal District has a unique culture,						
	language and environment and requires careful treatment so that any development which may						
	occur recognises, supports, strengthens and complements its linguistic and cultural heritage.						
	The Local Area Plan supports the protection and promotion of Gaeltacht settlements and					ĺ	

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
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	areas, and recognises the important role played by Baile Mhic Íre/Baile Bhúirne and Béal Átha an Ghaorthaidh. Other significant settlements include Cúil Aodha, Réidh na nDoirí, and Cill na			
	Martra.			
	It is important to continue to promote employment and development opportunities in the Múscraí Gaeltacht that provide jobs and support local social and community activities.			
	The Council and Acadamh Fódhla have prepared the Múscraí Gaeltacht Conservation, Management and Intrepretation Plan 2016-2030 which recognises that the Múscraí is an incredibly vibrant place. It is a place where the character of its people and landscape are both			
	intertwined and co-dependent. Change always occurs. The role of this plan is to help the people of Múscraí manage that change and protect the core significant aspects of the region in which they live. Ultimately, it is envisaged that this document will help make the Gaeltacht become a better place in which to work, live and visit. This plan is a valuable resource which can inform future initiatives within the Gaeltacht area.			
	The Cork County Development Plan, 2014 in Section 12.5 Cultural Heritage sets out the			
	Councils policy on Gaeltacht and Linguistic Heritage and includes a specific objective HE5-3 for Gaeltacht Areas which outlines the policy approach for the future development of these areas.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.02.07.01	Large Scale Retail Warehousing		No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Delete Paragraph 2.7.2 and replace with revised text as follows;			
	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City			
	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint Cityand County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development			
	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City- and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development- Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type-			
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	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City- and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development- Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type- of large scale retail warehouse in Cork. As detailed in the RPG's the scale of such outlets requires- a regional, if not national, population catchment. In this regard a proposal for such a retail-			
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	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City- and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type- of large scale retail warehouse in Cork. As detailed in the RPG's the scale of such outlets requires a regional, if not national, population catchment. In this regard a proposal for such a retail warehouse development in excess of 6,000 sq. metres may be appropriate in Cork Gateway. Specific criteria regarding such developments are set out in the RPG's and in particular such			
	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City- and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type- of large scale retail warehouse in Cork. As detailed in the RPG's the scale of such outlets requires a regional, if not national, population catchment. In this regard a proposal for such a retail- warehouse development in excess of 6,000 sq. metres may be appropriate in Cork Gateway. Specific criteria regarding such developments are set out in the RPG's and in particular such developments must accommodate a range of bulky goods together with a range of customer			
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	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City-and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type-of large scale retail warehouse in Cork. As detailed in the RPG's the scale of such outlets requires a regional, if not national, population catchment. In this regard a proposal for such a retail warehouse development in excess of 6,000 sq. metres may be appropriate in Cork Gateway. Specific criteria regarding such developments are set out in the RPG's and in particular such developments must accommodate a range of bulky goods together with a range of customer facilities which require a national population catchment. Furthermore such developments must not adversely affect the efficiency of the national road network and it be demonstrated that			
	2.7.2 The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City- and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type- of large scale retail warehouse in Cork. As detailed in the RPG's the scale of such outlets requires a regional, if not national, population catchment. In this regard a proposal for such a retail- warehouse development in excess of 6,000 sq. metres may be appropriate in Cork Gateway. Specific criteria regarding such developments are set out in the RPG's and in particular such developments must accommodate a range of bulky goods together with a range of customer- facilities which require a national population catchment. Furthermore such developments must			

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Kei. No.	The potential impact of a retail warehouse in excess of 6,000 sq. metres will need to be carefully examined in the context of this guidance."	Page No.	Received	
	"The Regional Planning Guidelines for the South West (2010-2022) and the Joint City and County Retail Strategy (2013), which was later incorporated into the County Development Plan (2014), recognized that "there may also be scope for the development of an innovative type of large scale retail warehouse in Cork. Specific criteria regarding such developments are set out in the Retail Planning Guidelines as follows;			
	<ul> <li>a) Will accommodate a range of predominantly bulky goods under one roof, together with a range of customer facilities (e. restaurant, crèche), on a scale which requires a regional, if not national, population catchment;</li> <li>b) Is in accordance with the Planning Guidelines on Spatial Planning and National Roads in that proposals can demonstrate the development will not adversely affect the efficiency of the national road network and key junctions and interchanges and that it can be demonstrated that traffic volumes can be accommodated within the design assumptions for such roads, taking account of the opportunities for encouraging a modal shift towards more sustainable travel modes;</li> <li>c) Will be served by existing or planned public transport services;</li> <li>d) Will make adequate provision for those opting for home delivery of goods other than by private car;</li> <li>e) Will be accompanied by a traffic impact assessment, demonstrating compliance with the above criteria; and</li> <li>f) Will take account of the vitality/viability criteria in respect of city/town centres set in the Retail Planning Guidelines and avoid the incorporation of uses and activities, as part of the development, which are more appropriate to city and town centre</li> </ul>			
	locations.  Any proposed sites designated for this use would in particular need to satisfy the locational criteria at (b) and (c) above.			
	The potential impact of a retail warehouse in excess of 6,000 sq. m. will need to be carefully examined in the context of this guidance.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.02.07.02	Outlet Centres  Amend Section 2.7 by including the following after the sub section on Large Scale Retail Warehousing.	41	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.		Page No.	Received	
	Outlet Centres			
	Section 4.11.4 of the Retail Planning Guidelines for Planning Authorities (2012) describes outlet			
	centres as 'groups of stores retailing end-of-season or discontinued items at discounted prices			
	and are typically located in out-of-centre locations.' Furthermore, the Retail Planning			
	Guidelines highlight the following characteristics of outlet centres:			
	'The success of these outlet centres depends on attracting customers from a wide catchment			
	area, and from the tourism sector. When they are located out-of-town on greenfield sites, they			
	can divert a significant amount of expenditure on comparison shopping goods away from			
	established city/town centres and tourist centres even some distance away. Nonetheless,			
	outlet centres within or immediately adjacent to a city or town centre can generate			
	commercial synergies with the established retail outlets, thereby raising the profile of the			
	centre and enhancing aggregate turnover on retail goods and leisure activities.'			
	'It should be recognised, however, that outlet centres are unlikely to succeed commercially in			
	close proximity to the main urban centres in Ireland because retailers do not normally choose			
	to trade at a large discount in direct competition with their high street outlets. However,			
	experience shows that this constraint is unlikely to arise with smaller or secondary town			
	centres, especially those in areas which attract large numbers of tourists.'			
	Retail Planning Guidelines for Planning Authorities (2012)			
	Hence, having regard to the specific niche market that outlet centres operate within, applicants			
	need to demonstrate that the products sold will not be in competition with those currently on			
	sale in typical city/town centre locations. In addition, applicants can benefit from proposing a			
	location that attracts large numbers of tourists.			
	Furthermore, potential locations of outlet centres should be such that they complement			
	existing retail offerings / established tourist areas, and having regard to the foregoing,			
	locations within Metropolitan Cork emerge as the most appropriate location to create those			
	economic synergies.			
	Any proposal for an outlet centre must demonstrate that the proposal meets the following			
	criteria:			
	will accommodate predominantly the retailing of end-of-season or discontinued			
	items;			
	demonstrate that the products sold will not be in competition with those currently			
	on sale in typical city/town centre locations;			
	<ul> <li>demonstrate ability to reinforce existing tourism sector;</li> </ul>			

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
	<ul> <li>the provisions of the Cork County Development Plan and Metropolitan Cork Joint Retail Strategy;</li> <li>the sequential test set out in chapter 4 of the Retail Planning Guidelines for Planning Authorities;</li> <li>is in accordance with the Planning Guidelines on Spatial Planning and National Roads in that the proposal can demonstrate that the development will not adversely affect the efficiency of the national road network and key junctions and interchanges and that it can be demonstrated that traffic volumes can be accommodated within the design assumptions for such roads, taking account of the opportunities for encouraging a modal shift towards more sustainable travel modes;</li> <li>will be served by existing or planned public transport services;</li> <li>will make adequate provision for private car use;</li> <li>will make adequate provision for private car use;</li> <li>will be accompanied by a traffic impact assessment, demonstrating compliance with the above criteria; and,</li> <li>will take account of the vitality/viability criteria in respect of city/town centres set out in the Retail Planning Guidelines for Planning Authorities (2012) and avoid the incorporation of uses and activities, as part of the development, which are more appropriate to city and town centre location.</li> <li>Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.</li> </ul>	T Uge No.	Necessed .	
BM.02.07.03	Local Area Plan Objective LAS-01  Delete LAS-01 (a) and replace with new Objective LAS-01 as follows;  a) In order to secure sustainable population growth proposed in each Main Town-appropriate and sustainable water and waste water infrastructure that will help secure the objectives of the relevant River Basin Management Plan, needs to be provided intandem with the development and where applicable protect the integrity of Natura 2000 sites.  a) In order to secure sustainable population growth proposed, appropriate and sustainable water and waste water infrastructure that will help to secure the objectives of the Water Framework Directive, Habitats Directive and Birds Directive, needs to be provided where not already available, in advance of the commencement of discharges from new development permitted.		No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
	Insert additional Objectives in LAS-01 as follows;			
	<ul> <li>g) All developments will need to comply with Water Services Objectives WS 2-1, WS 3-1, WS 4-1 and Management of Surface Water Objectives WS 5-1, WS 5-2 and WS 5-3 as detailed in Chapter 11, Volume 1of the Cork County Development Plan, 2014.</li> <li>h) No developer provided infrastructure will be allowed into the future except where agreed with Irish Water and where an appropriate transitional and longer term maintenance and repair programme has been provided for.</li> <li>i) All developments where appropriate will need to comply with Objective TM 3-1 National Road Network as detailed in Chapter 10, Volume 1of the Cork County Development Plan, 2014.</li> <li>j) All developments will need to comply with Management of Surface Water Objectives WS 5-1, WS 5-2 and WS 5-3 as detailed in Chapter 11, Volume One of the Cork County Development Plan, 2014, in order to make provision for Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems and provide adequate storm water attenuation. Surface water management and disposal should be planned in an integrated way in consideration with land use, water quality, and amenity and habitat enhancements as appropriate.</li> <li>k) Preserve and protect the archaeological and architectural heritage which contributes to the character of an area and is intrinsic to its identity and sense of place in accordance with the Heritage Objectives HE 3 -1, HE 3-2, HE 3-3, HE 3-4, HE 3-5, HE 4-1, HE 4-2, HE 4-3, HE 4-4 and HE 4 -5 as detailed in Chapter 12, Volume One of the County Development Plan 2014. This includes formal vernacular, industrial, civic, ecclesiastical, maritime and underwater heritage and features such as historic boundaries, gate piers, street furniture, and landscapes.</li> <li>l) The Council is committed to the preparation and implementation of a Wastewater Management Strategy for the Cork Harbour Area (as per the County Development Plan 2014).</li> </ul>			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM .02.07.04	Insert additional text heading and paragraph after Section 2.2;		No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	National Planning Framework (NPF)			
	The National Spatial Strategy is to be replaced by the National Planning Framework (NPF), to be delivered in 2017. This national framework is intended to be a high level strategy document that will provide the framework for future development and investment in Ireland, providing a long term and place-based aspect to public policy and investment, as well as aiming to			
	long term and place-based aspect to public policy and investment, as well as aiming to coordinate sectoral areas such as housing, jobs, transport, education, health, environment,			

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
Rei. No.	energy and communications. It is anticipated that the NPF will inform the future Regional	Page No.	Received	
	Spatial and Economic Strategies (RSES) that will follow the adoption of the NPF. The Council			
	will ensure that its forward planning will be aligned with this hierarchy of strategic plans.			
	will ensure that its forward planning will be aligned with this meralthy of strategic plans.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Section 3: Main Towns			
	Introduction			
BM .03.01.01		48	No Submission	No Change
	Delete Section 3.2 and replace with revised text including revised Table 3.1, see <b>Appendix B3.</b>		Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Blarney			
BM .03.02.01	Delete paragraph 3.2.11 under Population and Housing as follows:	52	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Uncertainty has been introduced by the delay in progressing the M20. There is no longer any			
	imminent prospect of the M20 being delivered but the need to provide housing is now an even- more urgent priority for the Council.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM .03.02.02	Stoneview Urban Expansion Area	61-67	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Revisions to text and Table 3.4 as set out in <b>Appendix B4</b>			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM .03.02.03	Ringwood New Residential Development	68-72	No Submission Received	Modify Table 3.6
	Insert additional text and revise Table 3.5 as set out in <b>Appendix B4</b>			Minor Modification
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			Proposed.
BM .03.02.04	Revise text in U-01 and delete existing Objective U-02 and replace with new Objective U-02, see	76	No Submission	No Change
	Appendix B4		Received	Proposed
		1	I	I
	Note: This change refers to the zoning map for the settlement only			

	Page No.	Danahuad	
	. age	Received	
Revise line of U-09 Park Access Road			
Notes This shows a few to the continuous for the continuous to the			
Note: This change refers to the zoning map for the settlement only			
Include lands within the development boundary and zone existing built up area.	79	No Submission	No Change
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Received	Proposed
Note: This change refers settlement map of the draft plan only.			
Stoneview Urban Expansion Area	79	No Submission	No Change
Uncort was itself many should be lead a switted from the D.1C sould be also also also make the made of		Received	Proposed
of blaffley (Stoffewew).			
Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.			
Insert additional text into Paragraph 3.2.41 relating to Killowen River to address issue	57	No Submission	No Change
identified in SEA of proposed amendments as follows;		Received	Proposed
The area of woodland along the Villowen Biver Valley should be pretested and form part of any			
, , , ,			
Takan e Breen minastration in construction			
Note: This is a text change only.			
Macroom			
Amend Section 3.2 to remove references to the lands that are covered by the provisions of the	80-98	No Submission	No Change
		Received	Proposed
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
and Appendix D for Maps.			
Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan and to the zoning map for the settlement.			
Insert additional text after Paragraph 3.3.31 referring to DoES requirement for school sites as	88	No Submission	No Change
follows;		Received	Proposed
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
post primary schools in Macroulli Town.			
Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
Show line of N22 Route on Macroom Environs Map.	98	No Submission	No Change
		Received	Proposed
Note: This change refers to the zoning map for the settlement only			
		1	
	Insert revised map showing lands omitted from the R-16 zoning and the development boundary of Blarney (Stoneview).  Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.  Insert additional text into Paragraph 3.2.41 relating to Killowen River to address issue identified in SEA of proposed amendments as follows;  The area of woodland along the Killowen River Valley should be protected and form part of any future green infrastructure network.  Note: This is a text change only.  Macroom  Amend Section 3.2 to remove references to the lands that are covered by the provisions of the Macroom Town Development Plan (2009). The land use zoning map will also be revised to exclude the area covered by the Town Development Plan. Please refer to Appendix B5 for text and Appendix D for Maps.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan and to the zoning map for the settlement.  Insert additional text after Paragraph 3.3.31 referring to DoES requirement for school sites as follows;  The Council will work with the Department Of Education and Skills to deliver a primary and post primary schools in Macroom Town.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	Include lands within the development boundary and zone existing built up area.  Note: This change refers settlement map of the draft plan only.  Stoneview Urban Expansion Area  79  Insert revised map showing lands omitted from the R-16 zoning and the development boundary of Blarney (Stoneview).  Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.  Insert additional text into Paragraph 3.2.41 relating to Killowen River to address issue identified in SEA of proposed amendments as follows;  The area of woodland along the Killowen River Valley should be protected and form part of any future green infrastructure network.  Note: This is a text change only.  Macroom  Amend Section 3.2 to remove references to the lands that are covered by the provisions of the Macroom Town Development Plan (2009). The land use zoning map will also be revised to exclude the area covered by the Town Development Plan. Please refer to Appendix B5 for text and Appendix D for Maps.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan and to the zoning map for the settlement.  Insert additional text after Paragraph 3.3.31 referring to DoES requirement for school sites as follows;  The Council will work with the Department Of Education and Skills to deliver a primary and post primary schools in Macroom Town.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.  Show line of N22 Route on Macroom Environs Map.  98	Include lands within the development boundary and zone existing built up area.  No Submission Received  Note: This change refers settlement map of the draft plan only.  Stoneview Urban Expansion Area  Insert revised map showing lands omitted from the R-16 zoning and the development boundary of Blarney (Stoneview).  Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.  Insert additional text into Paragraph 3.2.41 relating to Killowen River to address issue identified in SEA of proposed amendments as follows;  The area of woodland along the Killowen River Valley should be protected and form part of any future green infrastructure network.  Note: This is a text change only.  Macroom  Amend Section 3.2 to remove references to the lands that are covered by the provisions of the Macroom Town Development Plan (2009). The land use zoning map will also be revised to exclude the area covered by the Town Development Plan. Please refer to Appendix B5 for text and Appendix D for Maps.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan and to the zoning map for the settlement.  Insert additional text after Paragraph 3.3.31 referring to DoES requirement for school sites as follows;  The Council will work with the Department Of Education and Skills to deliver a primary and post primary schools in Macroom Town.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.  Show line of N22 Route on Macroom Environs Map.  98 No Submission Received

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.	·	Page No.	Received	
	Section 4 Key Villages			
	Introduction			
BM.04.01.01	Insert the following text as a footnote in Table 4.1 Appropriate Scale of Development for Key Villages,  The normal recommended scale of any individual scheme is set out in the above table.  Individual schemes in excess of the recommended scale set out in the above table may be considered where it is demonstrated that the overall scheme layout reinforces the existing character of the village and the scheme is laid out, phased and delivered, so as not to reflect a residential housing estate more suited to a larger settlement.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	101	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Ballineen/Enniskeane			
BM.04.02.01	·		No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	This is a text change only  Ballingeary			
BM.04.03.01	Insert Flood Risk* in Objective O-01	113	No Submission	No Change
DIVI.04.03.01	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	113	Received	Proposed
BM.04.03.02	Insert additional text in DB-01 as follows;  Within the development boundary encourage the development of up to 60 additional dwelling units during the plan period. In order to secure sustainable population growth proposed appropriate and sustainable water and waste water infrastructure that will help secure the objectives of the Water Framework Directive and protect the Gearagh SAC and SPA, need to be provided where not already available, in advance of the commencement of discharges from new development permitted in this settlement.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	113	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.04.03.03	Revise Paragraph 4.3.7 as follows;  This Local Area Plan makes provision for the development of an additional 60 dwelling units within the village. The maximum size of any single development is 15 units. There is ample land	111	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
	within the development boundary to accommodate this scale of development. These lands remain undeveloped. It is not proposed to extend the development boundary any further and during the lifetime of the plan it is envisaged that any future development will occur mainly on lands close to the village centre.			
	This is a text change only			
	Ballymakeery/Ballyvourney			
BM.04.04.01	Insert Flood Risk* in Objective O-01	119	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.04.04.02	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.  Insert following text after Paragraph 4.4.18 supporting provision of an all weather pitch as follows;	116	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	The Council will support the provision of an all weather pitch to serve the needs of the community.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.04.04.03	The areas that overlap with the St.Gobnet's Wood SAC removed from the development boundary and an extension to the O-01 Open Space Zoning. <b>See Appendix D</b>	120	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the zoning map for the settlement only			
BM.04.04.04	Revise Paragraph 4.4.7 as follows;  This Local Area Plan makes provision for the development of an additional 60 dwelling units within the village. The maximum size of any single development is 15 units. There is ample land within the development boundary to accommodate this scale of development. The scale of future development in the settlement depends on improvements to key infrastructure particularly the waste water treatment facilities.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	115	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Coachford			
BM.04.05.01	Extension to the development boundary.	125	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.04.05.02	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only  Insert Flood Risk * in O-01	124	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.  Revise Paragraph 4.5.7 as follows;			
BM.04.05.03	This Local Area Plan makes provision for the development of an additional 116 dwelling units	121	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
	within the village. The maximum size of any single development is 20 units.—There is ample land within the development boundary to accommodate this scale of development.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Grenagh			
BM.04.06.01	Revise Paragraph 4.6.11 as follows;  This Local Area Plan makes provision for the development of an additional 150 dwelling units within the village. The maximum size of any single development is 36 units. There is ample land within the development boundary to accommodate this scale of development. The scale of future development in the settlement depends on improvements to key infrastructure particularly the waste water treatment facilities.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	127	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Killumney/Ovens			
BM.04.07.01	Insert revised map showing route corridor for the N22.	135	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.04.07.02	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only  Insert revised map showing extension to development boundary.  Note: This change refers to the settlement map only		No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
BM.04.07.03	Insert additional text in Paragraph 4.7.15 as follows;  The Killumney Road also needs to be upgraded including the provision of public lighting and footpaths.	132	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.04.07.04	Revise Paragraph 4.7.10 as follows;  Having regard to the key village status of Killumney/Ovens and its location within Metropolitan Cork, it is considered reasonable to ensure good development opportunities continue to be available within the village. Based on projected housing stock and appropriate average household size it is envisaged the village will grow by approximately 251 new dwellings. Given-	132	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	the scale and development pattern of the village it is considered that individual housing development should not contain more than 50 dwellings.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.04.07.05	Insert revised map showing extension to development boundary.  Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.	135	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment Ref. No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
	Tower			
BM.04.08.01	Extension to the development boundary.	141	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.			
BM.04.08.02	Insert the following text in Paragraph 4.8.17 as follows;	138	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	The Council will work with Cloghroe N.S to encourage the provision of a car park to serve the school.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.04.08.03	Insert additional text after Paragraph 4.8.16 relating to preparation of a Flood Risk Assessment before any development is permitted on lands in the south west of the village as follows;	137	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Any development on the lands to the south west of the village will require the preparation of a comprehensive flood risk assessment of those lands and their environs showing clearly that any development will not give rise to flood risk to adjoining properties and include proposals to address existing flooding issues in the area.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
BM.04.08.04	Insert Flood Risk* in 0-04		No Submission	No Change
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.		Received	Proposed
BM.04.08.05	Revise Paragraph 4.8.7 as follows;  Over the lifetime of this plan, it is envisaged that the key village of Tower will develop in a manner that makes the best use of the available infrastructure in the area. Given the difficulties that exist in relation to topography and the lack of an appropriate range of services, it is considered that a maximum growth of approximately 182 units would represent a more sustainable level of growth for Tower over the lifetime of this plan. Any new individual housing proposals should not exceed 40 units.  Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	136	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Section 5: Villages, Village Nuclei and Other Locations			
	Villages			
	Introduction			
BM.05.01.13	Insert the following text as a footnote in Table 5.1 Scale of Development for Villages in Blarney- Macroom Municipal District.	146	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.	The negreed recommended scale of any individual scheme is set out in the characterist	Page No.	Received	
	The normal recommended scale of any individual scheme is set out in the above table.			
	Individual schemes in excess of the recommended scale set out in the above table may be			
	considered where it is demonstrated that the overall scheme layout reinforces the existing			
	character of the village and the scheme is laid out, phased and delivered, so as not to reflect a			
	residential housing estate more suited to a larger settlement.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Aheria			
BM.05.01.01	Extension to the development boundary.	151	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only			
	Cloughduv			
BM.05.01.02	Changes to the B-01 Business zoning and alteration to the boundary of the O-01 open space	153	No Submission	No Change
	zoning.		Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only			
	Clondrohid			
BM.05.01.03	Extension to the development boundary.	155	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only			
	Courtbrack			
BM.05.01.04	Insert Flood Risk * in Objective O-01	156	No Submission	No Change
	·		Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.		Neceived	
	Crookstown			
BM.05.01.05	Insert a new paragraph after 5.1.22 as follows;	158	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Given the location of Crookstown Village midway between Ballincollig and Macroom and		11cccived	
	recent planning history consideration could be given to the provision of up to 120 additional			
	dwelling units during the plan period subject to normal planning consideration and provided			
	water services infrastructure and flood risk constraints can be resolved to the Council's			
	satisfaction.			
	Satisfaction.			
	And			
	Insert additional text in DB-01 as follows;			
	"Within the development boundary encourage the development of up to 40 additional dwelling			

Amendment Ref. No.	·					Draft LAP Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
	units during the plan period. An increase in the number of additional dwellings could be considered subject to addressing water services and flood risk constraints. (See Paragraph 5.1.23).							
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.							
BM.05.01.06		ith regard to Overall Scale		d Normal Recommended	Scale of a	nny Individual	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
		Table 5.1. Scale of Develor	ment for Villages in Bl	arney-Macroom Municipal	District			
	Villages	Existing Number of Houses Q1 2015 (Geodirectory)	Growth 2005 to 2015 (Geodirectory)	Overall Scale of Development (No. of houses)	Norma Recom	mended Scale Individual		
	Crookstown	92	27	40*		<del>15</del> -25		
	Total Villages	1083	-	575		-		
BM.05.01.07	Extension to the d	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.  Extension to the development boundary  159  Note: This change refers to the settlement map only					No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Crossbarry							
BM.05.01.11		sion of recreational facili	_	e.		160	No Submission Received	No Change Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.							
BM.05.01.08	Insert additional text in DB-01 as follows;  Within the development boundary encourage the development of up to 60 additional dwelling units during the plan period. In order to secure sustainable population growth proposed appropriate and sustainable water and waste water infrastructure that will help secure the objectives of the Water Framework Directive and protect the Gearagh SAC and SPA, need to be provided where not already available , in advance of the commencement of discharges from new development permitted in this settlement.							No Change Proposed

Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.		Page No.	Received	
DB4 OF O4 40	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.	162	N 6 1 1 1	N - Cl
3M.05.01.10	Insert new DB-06 as follows;	162	No Submission	No Change
	Support the provision of a public car park to serve the school and the church and the provision		Received	Proposed
	of a childrens playground.			
	of a ciliarens playsrouna.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Kilmurry			
M.05.01.12	Extend the development boundary of Kilmurry.	167	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only			
	Upper Dripsey			
SM.05.01.09	Insert Flood Risk * in O-01 and O-02	176	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Village Nuclei			
	Introduction			
3M.05.02.04	Insert the following text as a footnote in Table 5.2 'Scale of Development in Blarney- Macroom	179	No Submission	No Change
	Municipal District Village Nuclei'.		Received	Proposed
	The normal recommended scale of any individual scheme is set out in the above table.			
	Individual schemes in excess of the recommended scale set out in the above table may be			
	considered where it is demonstrated that the overall scheme layout reinforces the existing character of the village and the scheme is laid out, phased and delivered, so as not to reflect a			
	residential housing estate more suited to a larger settlement.			
	residential housing estate more suited to a larger settlement.			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			
	Ballinagree			
3M.05.02.01	Extension to the development boundary and zone lands specifically for community uses C-01.	185	No Submission	No Change
	Extension to the development boundary and come famous specimentry for community uses 6 of	103	Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the settlement map only.		Received	
	Carrigadrohid / Killinardrish			
3M.05.02.02	Insert Flood Risk * in O-02	192	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			

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Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Draft LAP	Submission	Comment
Ref. No.		Page No.	Received	
BM.05.02.03	Revise zoning Objective O-01 as follows;	228	No Submission	No Change
			Received	Proposed
	Open Space. This area is within the floodplain of the Toon River. Lands to remain predominantly			
	open and rural in character, with some opportunities for recreation or amenity type uses. Parts			
	of the zone are within the Gearagh Special Protection Area. These parts of the zone are not			
	suitable for development. Development in other parts of this zone is likely to require the			
	provision of an ecological impact assessment report (Natura Impact Statement) in accordance			
	with the requirements of the Habitats Directive and may only proceed where it can be shown			
	that they will not have significant negative impact on the SPA and nearby SAC.			
	A buffer zone will be required between any development proposed for this zone and the SPA.			
	The size of the buffer zone will be determined at project level.			
	The boundary of Toon Bridge overlaps with the Gearagh Special Protection Area. Development			
	in Toon Bridge will only be permitted where it is shown that it is compatible with the			
	requirements of the Birds Directive and the protection of this site.*			
	Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.			

### Amendment No. BM.02.03.01

	Settlement	Estimated Population 2011	%
Towns(2)	Blarney (2,437), Macroom (3,879)	6,316	15%
Key Villages (7)	Ballineen-Enniskeane, Ballingeary, Ballymakeery/ Ballyvourney, Coachford, Grenagh, Kilumney/ Ovens, Tower		
Villages (16)	Aherla, Aghabullogue, Cloghduv, Clondrohid, Courtbrack, Crookstown, Crossbarry, Dripsey, Inchigeelagh, Kilnamatyra, Kilmurry, Model Village (Dripsey), Newcestown, Rylane/ Seiscne, Stuake/ Donoughmore, Upper Dripsey		
Village Nuclei (25)	Ballinacurra/Brinny, Ballinagree, Bealnamorive, Berrings, Canovee, Carrigadrohid/ Killinardrish, Carriganimmy, Cloghroe, Coolea, Farnanes, Farnivane, Firmount, Fornaght, Kilbarry, Knockavilla/ Old Chapel Cross, Lissarda, Lower Dripsey, Matehy, Murragh, New Tipperary, Reananerree, Rusheen, Toon Bridge, Tooms, Upton	8872*	20%
Other Locations (7)	Bealnablath, Farran/ Farran Lower, Gougane Barra, Gurranes, Iniscarra, Srelane Cross, Waterloo		
Rural Areas**	Carrained, miscarray or claims discoop, tracerioo	28,210*	65%
Total population	43,398	0070	

#### Amendment No. BM.02.04.01

Insert revised Table 2.2 as follows;

	ole 2.2 Blarney Macroom Municipal District Housing F Housing Requirement					ing Supply
	Census 2011	Populati on Target	New Units Required	Net Estimated Requirement (ha)	Est. Net Residential area zoned (ha)	Estimated Housing Yield
Blarney	2,437	7,533	2,566	103	153.47	<del>3,146</del> <b>3,555</b>
Macroom	3,879	4,536	571	23	<del>66.9</del> 60.9*	1,184
Main Towns	6,316	12,069	3,034	126	<del>220.37</del> <b>214.37</b>	4 <del>,330</del> <b>4,739</b>
Villages	8,872	12,070	2,105			1,526 1,731
Rural	28,210	25,833	741			
Total Villages and	37,082	37,904	2,846			<del>1,526</del>
Rural						1,731
Total for District	43,398	49,973	5,880	126	<del>220.37</del> <b>214.37</b>	5,856 6,265 6,470
				al District is 94.3		
*Includes 55h	a of reside	entially zone	ed land from t	he Macroom To	wn Development	Plan, 2009.

During the course of the preparation of the current Draft Local Area Plan the supply of residentially zoned land and its potential yield was reviewed in light of current circumstances. In a number of cases issues arose where adjustment to the amount of residentially zoned land was required. In the case of the Metropolitan Town of Blarney additional land is proposed at Ringwood, Area for New Residential Development, in order to increase the amount of zoned land to meet some of the Strategic Land Reserve/Headroom deficit in the Metropolitan Cork Strategic Planning Area identified in Chapter 2 Core Strategy of the CDP 2014. The development of this land will also contribute towards the delivery of the Stoneview Urban Expansion Area as a lot of the key roads and water services infrastructure required is common to both developments thereby reducing the per unit cost of infrastructure investment and strengthening the economic feasibility of the projects.

The core strategy requires the village network to accommodate 2,105 units the current appropriate scale of development would allow 1,526 1,731 units. However an analysis of water services infrastructure would indicate that only 927 units could be accommodated. Therefore the balance of 1,178 1,188 (579-plus 599) (814 plus 374) additional units will have to be accommodated in the 2 Main Towns of Blarney and Macroom.

In order to accommodate 1,178 1,188 units approximately 47ha of zoned land based on a density of 25 units per ha would be required. This would bring the net estimated requirement to meet the needs of the Municipal District to 173ha leaving a headroom of 41.37ha.

Note: This change refers to the text of the draft plan only.

Amendment No. BM.03.01.01

#### 1.1 Introduction

**Delete Existing Text and Insert New Text as follows** 

#### **Overall Scale of Development**

1.1.1 The overall scale of development for the Main Towns is set out in the Core Strategy of the Cork County Development Plan, 2014 (Volume One, Chapter 2 and Appendix B). Table 3.1 sets out the overall housing requirements and housing supply position for Blarney and Macroom as set out in this Plan.

	Table 3.1: Population, Households and Net New Houses for Main Towns								
		Н	ousing Requi	rement		Housing	Supply		
	Census 2011	Population Target	Total New Households	New Units Required	Net Estimated Requirement (Ha)	Net Estimated Residential Area Zoned (Ha)	Estimated Housing Yield		
Macroom	3,879	4,536	497	468	23	<del>66.9</del> <b>60.9</b> *	1,184		
Blarney	2,437	7,533	2,255	2,566	103	153.47	<del>3,146</del>		
							3555		
*Includes	Sha of re	sidentially zo	ned land fron	*Includes 55ha of residentially zoned land from the Macroom Town Development Plan. 2009.					

#### Approach to Plan Preparation

1.1.2 In the preparation of new 'zoning' maps for the main towns in this plan, the following issues have been addressed:

Zoned areas in the 2011 Local Area Plans that have been developed are now shown as part of the 'Urban area'. This approach has been taken in order to allow a more positive and flexible response to proposals for the re-use or re-development of underused or derelict land or buildings particularly in the older parts of the main towns. There are exceptions to this in areas where it is considered necessary to continue to protect / promote a specific land use;

Where possible the map base has been updated (although the most recent development may still not be shown for reasons beyond the County Council's control). A core retail shopping area has been identified in Blarney.

It is the intention of Cork County Council to identify Regeneration Areas following the introduction of new legislation introduced under the Urban Regeneration and Housing Act 2015. Therefore in Blarney a Regeneration Area has been identified where there are derelict / vacant sites which detract from the amenity of an area and offer opportunities for redevelopment. In each town a core retail shopping area has been identified. In both towns Regeneration Areas have been identified where there are derelict / vacant sites which detract from the amenity of an area and offer opportunities for redevelopment;

The existing Town Development Plans use 'established' zoning categories to define the appropriate use in existing areas of development e.g. 'established residential' to denote existing residential areas. In the Local Area Plans adopted in 2011 the use of 'established' zoning categories was discontinued in favour of an 'Existing Built Up Area' classification. This approach will be applied to the developed areas within

the former town council administrative areas to achieve a uniform approach to land use zoning acrossall Main Towns.

The boundaries of Town Centre zonings will be adjusted to reflect the combined boundaries of the "established" and "expansion" areas within existing town plans. Where appropriate extensive existing residential areas will be removed from the town centre zoning. A retail core which defines the main shopping streets in a town will be identified within the town centre zoning of each Main Town. It is the intention of Cork County Council as part of the review of the Local Area Plans, including areas formerly covered by the Town Councils, to identify Regeneration Areas following the introduction of new legislation introduced under the Urban Regeneration and Housing Act 2015. The Local Area Plans will include the measures outlined in the Act.

Amendment No. BM .03.02.02

### **Stoneview Urban Expansion Area**

#### **Policy Background**

- 3.2.67 The Stoneview site was first identified as suitable for the development of a new neighbourhood in the Blarney Kilbarry Special Local Area 2005 and was later identified in the 2011 Blarney Electoral Area Local Area Plan where the objective for the site was to facilitate the development of the site in line with the approved masterplan.
- 3.2.68 A masterplan was prepared for the site which was adopted by Cork County Council in November 2006. This masterplan is a non statutory document. It provides a vision for the new settlement, neighbourhood centre and associated amenities. The master plan includes a contextual urban design framework for development of the overall site taking account of the physical social and economic context of Blarney.
- 3.2.69 The development of such a large site in close proximity to the suburban rail network offers a major opportunity to achieve high modal shift therefore providing new homes at this location, where residents can gain easy access to high quality rail from the outset, is a priority for Cork County Council.
- 3.2.70 Following on from the adoption of the masterplan, planning permission was granted **on Appeal by**An Bord Pleanala for the first phase of development involving 864 housing units and significant roads infrastructure. However the downturn in the economy and infrastructure related issues, in particular provision of road access, have held up the commencement of the project to date.

  Delivering this key development and the associated road/ rail infrastructure is a significant part of the Cork County Councils development framework for Metropolitan Cork.
- 3.2.71 In reviewing this Local Area Plan the current masterplan acted as a background document which provided guidance on the policies and objectives applicable to this site. It is intended to carry forward the bulk of the masterplan layout and principles into this Plan, with some adjustment to take account of current conditions. The intention is that those principles as amended will guide the future development of the site. On that basis this plan intends to set out a clear pathway the future development of the Stoneview site.

#### Context

- 3.2.72 The Stoneview Major-Urban Expansion Area is approximately 1.8km north of Blarney on the northern side of the N20 National Primary Road and the Dublin to Cork railway line. The site is approximately 154 ha in size and **shared amongst 5 principle landowners.** a number of landowners.
- 3.2.73 The lands are divided east west bounded to the south-west by the Cork-Dublin railway line, with approximately 122 hectares to the north between the railway line and the Ardamadane and Curraghnalaght local roads. This part of the land is traversed by Station Road which leads north from Blarney and splits the site into two halves. The remaining 32 hectares lies between the railway line and the N20.
- 3.2.74 The lands north of the railway line are in agricultural use. Some of the land south east of Station

Road was run **privately for about 5 years** as a pay and play golf course but closed in 2004 and the land reverted back into agricultural use. The lands south of the railway line are in a mix of uses including agricultural, some residential, storage and distribution and Blarney Business Park.

#### Proposals for Stoneview Major Urban Expansion Area

- 3.2.75 The site will accommodate a mixed use development to include at least 2,100 2,600 residential units, associated community facilities, a town centre, school sites, parks, a railway station and a park and ride facility and employment uses over a number of phases. Development within each phase should vary in terms of type and density in order to avoid uniformity in design.
- 3.2.76 Each phase will include the number of residential units, employment uses, educational facilities, social facilities, amenities, physical infrastructure and access strategy required, thereby setting out the enabling works that are required to allow development to commence. The phasing will provide a framework within which proposals for the development of individual sections can be coordinated and each development phase has been subdivided into individual pockets of land uses with a development objective. These objectives are set out below and include residential, town centre, open space, educational and employment uses.
- 3.2.77 Development on the site will be guided by the Character Area descriptions set out in the masterplan and having regard to the Departments Sustainable Residential Development in Urban Areas Guidelines accompanying Design Manual and the Cork County Council's Residential Estates Design Guide, 2011.
- 3.2.78 It is a target of this plan to achieve a range of housing densities across the site. This will allow a range of house types and densities to be provided which supports rail public transport while also providing a choice of units for family needs. While restrictive policies are in place to protect rural landscapes from urban generated housing, support is required in the provision of attractive alternatives for family housing in developments like Stoneview. Hence this project will aim to provide a mix of dwelling types from smaller 2 bedroom units to 4/5 bedroom units at an overall density level that supports public transport by allowing higher density development to be located in close proximity to the proposed railway station which fans out to Medium A and Medium B density residential development with some low density provision for serviced sites at points furthest from the railway line. The approach to housing density in County Cork is set out in Table HOU 4-1 of the County Development Plan 2014.

#### **Environment**

- 3.2.79 A Strategic Environmental Assessment was carried out as part of the preparation of Stoneview Masterplan. A Habitats Directive Assessment Screening was undertaken in accordance with the requirements under the EU Habitats Directive and EU Birds Directive and Section 177 of the Planning and Development (Amendment) Act 2010.
- 3.2.80 A Preliminary Ecological Appraisal of the Stoneview site was carried out. The purpose of the appraisal was to assess the baseline ecological conditions for each site, to identify the key ecological resources to be retained, and where necessary identify the scope of further ecological surveys. The appraisal stated that there are no environmental designations pertaining to the development site nor is this area likely to be designated in the future. The site does not form part of any Natural Heritage Area, Special Protection Area, Special Area of Conservation, Statutory Nature Reserve or National Park. The site is considered suitable for development because it has largely agricultural habitats that are widespread.
- 3.2.81 No areas of exceptional ecological value were noted during survey work and similarly no rare or uncommon species of flora/fauna were noted. In general the land consists of a mixture of tillage ground and intensive grassland. Diversity is generally confined to the field margins such as hedges, strips of woodland and wet grassland. Some habitats of local value were noted including woodland to the south of the N2O, and hedgerows and tree lines within the proposed development.

- 3.2.82 An area of woodland is located alongside the road which connects Blarney village to the N20. At the western edge there are mature beech and oak and this area is of local value. However most of this area is composed of Sitka spruce with native species confined to the margins.
- 3.2.83 The report identified some areas of greater sensitivity and it recommended a number **of** measures and additional surveys to be undertaken before development can take place. These include:
  - A mammal survey to assess the potential for a badger sett and the presence of otter holt;
  - A bat survey to determine the use of tree lines by bats for commuting and foraging corridors, this should also be extended to survey mature trees proposed for removal to ascertain their use/potential use by roosting bats;
  - Retain existing tree lines and hedgerows where possible;
  - Provide green spaces and/or corridors within the site to maintain habitat connectivity;
  - Provide adequate buffer zones along watercourses to ensure riparian zones are not degraded and there is no bank side erosion.
- 3.2.84 The undertaking of further surveys and **an** impact assessment resulting in targeted mitigation should enable the proposed development to proceed without any significant adverse effects on the ecology of the site or adjacent environment.
- 3.2.85 Springs are noted to be a common occurrence in this topography so more wet areas are expected. Control of groundwater and surface water will be required for environmental reasons and to maximise effective re-use of sub soils in the development.

#### **Transportation and Road Network**

3.2.86 The main access road from the site is Station Road which gives access to and from Blarney Town and Curraghnalaght to the north east. This is a narrow road which traverses the site north of the railway line, continues over the railway and the N20 via the Station Road railway bridge and a modern bridge respectively and then continues downwards into Blarney Village. The standard of the latter part of this road and the number of dwellings along the road is such that it is currently operating over its capacity and is not capable of supporting any additional traffic. There are currently no footpaths on the railway bridge and only narrow substandard footpaths on the road bridge. There are local country roads connecting the site with Killeens, which in turn have direct access to the N20 (Cork to Limerick Road) via the Killeens Cross Interchange.

### **Movement Principles**

- 3.2.87 The masterplan set out in detail the approach to traffic and transportation movement within the site and how it connects to the existing local and national road networks. The key elements of the movement strategy for **the** Stoneview site are:
  - Provision of a new interchange and bridge over the N20 to replace the existing Blarney interchange;
  - Extension of the existing N20 Dual carriageway northwards to facilitate provision of the grade separated interchange;
  - Provision of **a** link to two local collector roads which will skirt but not enter the town centre and include two road bridges over the rail line;
  - Network of primary and secondary roads, paths and cycle paths within the site;
  - Provision of a new railway station on site at Stoneview which will serve the existing town and the new development. The timescale for completion of the station on site will need careful consideration so that it coincides with the completion of the other infrastructure in the early phases of the development;

- Provision of a park and ride facility south of the railway station;
- Maximise the permeability of the development by ensuring appropriate pedestrian, cycle and vehicular linkages within the site and to surrounding areas;
- Minimise through traffic in the site;
- Ensure most residents are within a 5 or 10 minute walk from the new town centre and transport facilities.
- 3.2.88 Further detailed guidance on the design and layout of the road network and the movement strategy are set out in the masterplan which will be used to guide future development proposals on the site.
- 3.2.89 The traffic assessment carried out as part of the masterplan concluded that the Station Road would not be able to accommodate the volume of traffic generated from the site without significant redesign and construction along Station Road which would have had a serious impact on the existing fabric of the area. Therefore an alternative new Blarney Link Road to the east of Station Road linking the N20 interchange with the R617 is proposed.
- 3.2.90 The proposed new Blarney Link Road has the following characteristics and advantages:
  - It can accommodate the anticipated traffic volumes in and out of Stoneview in a safe manner;
  - It can reduce the existing traffic loads on Station Road;
  - It is proposed east of Station Road linking the R617 directly to the new N20 interchange and the new access routes to Stoneview;
  - The existing Station Road can remain as it is from Blarney up to the existing N20 overbridge;
  - The existing Station Road north of the N20 overbridge will become single carriageway and will be realigned as an underpass leading to the new Stoneview Upper Distributor Road and the Park and Ride;
  - As described above, this single carriageway road will be traffic signaled to permit two-way traffic movements so as to facilitate existing residents of Station Road;
  - The existing Station Road Rail Bridge will be for pedestrian and cycle use only;
  - This road, as an alternative to the option shown in the SLAP linking the N20 interchange to Station Road Lower, provides a link from the N20 intersection and Stoneview to Blarney while avoiding any increase in traffic on Station Road;

#### **Phasing**

3.2.91 It is an objective of this plan to **regulate the** set out logical and sequential phasing **of the development** that allows for an orderly development pattern and maximises the development quantum related to investment in infrastructure. The timing of each phase of development is directly linked to **off-site** infrastructure availability. It is envisaged that development phases may commence in a sequential order once appropriate and necessary infrastructure is available to serve the proposed development. The original masterplan included a phasing arrangement; however this has now been revised in this plan. **On site infrastructure is normally the responsibility of the developer and the County Council will only consider intervention where the delivery of new housing is likely to be significantly impeded.** 

To facilitate the delivery of housing across the area as a whole, significant transport, water and surface water infrastructure is required both on and off the site, with significant elements required at or close to the commencement of development. Ownership of the Stoneview site is

shared amongst 5 principal landowners and it is considered that each will be able to deliver the appropriate on site infrastructure without public agency intervention. The principal on-site works required are summarized in Table 3.4 and are grouped into two Infrastructure Bundles, 'A' & 'B'. Providing water and waste water connections are available and off-site infrastructure proposals are secured (see Table 3.5), Infrastructure Bundle 'B' could be delivered independently of Infrastructure Bundle 'A'.

The County Council's main role in the Stoneview project will be to co-ordinate and secure the delivery of the relevant off site infrastructure, particularly the new road network necessary to serve the site and the railway station and train service. The County Council has recourse to its statutory powers to assist in the process of land acquisition, if necessary. The County Council will recoup this investment from individual developers through the provisions of section 47, 48 and 49 of the Planning and Development Acts, 2000, as amended, as the overall development progresses.

Where a development objective requires a developer to provide particular infrastructure or amenities in addition to the items referred to in Table 3.4 below, then an appropriate off-set will be considered in relation to the contributions payable

- 3.2.94 A total of three development phases (1, 2 and 3) are identified within the development site. This plan specifies, for each phase, the number of residential units, business uses, educational facilities, social facilities, amenities, physical infrastructure and access strategy required, thereby setting out the enabling works that are required to allow development to commence.
- 3.2.95 The development will take approximately 10-15 years a number of years to complete if all the necessary finance and infrastructure is in place. For this reason development on the site should be phased to ensure the most efficient use of resources and the balanced, incremental growth of the town. The principal roads and services infrastructure will be constructed first which will facilitate subsequent construction being carried out with minimal need for construction traffic on public roads around the site other than the N20.
- <u>Phase 1.</u> This phase of the development covers a developable area of approximately 38 ha (BL R-10, BL R-11, BL R-15, BL T-02) will provide at least 875 residential units which will consist of a mix of Medium A-and High Density development. This phase will also include Phase 1 of the town centre, the reservation of land for a 16 classroom primary school, and the completion of the 12.82ha central park.
- Phase 2. This phase of the development covers a developable area of approximately 29 ha (BL R-09, BL R-12, BL R-14, BL T-02) and will provide at least 700 residential units which will consist of a mix of Medium A, Medium B and High Density development. This phase will also include Phase 2 of the town centre, the reservation of land for a primary and secondary school, provision of a railway station and park and ride facility.
- <u>Phase 3.</u>This phase of the development covers a developable area of approximately 29 ha (BL-R-13, BL-R-16 and BL R-17) and will provide at least 528 residential units which will consist of a mix of Medium A and Medium B including detached and/or serviced sites. This phase will also include the provision open space including playing fields.

#### **Implementation and Infrastructure Provision**

An implementation programme will be applied to each phase of the development which will ensure that the development of the site will proceed in an orderly and timely manner with the appropriate infrastructure in place at the right time to allow each phase to be developed. The Plan sets out the construction responsibility and funding source for the required infrastructure see Table 3. 4. The principle infrastructure requirements for the site are; Water, Waste Water and Roads.

<u>Water</u> - Irish Water will be responsible for the funding and provision of water supply and waste water treatment capacity and it is the intention of Irish Water to include funding of these projects as part of their next investment cycle. The design and layout of water services will require consultation with Irish-Water. Cork County Council will be responsible for the preparation of a Sustainable Urban Drainage

Scheme Study which will be implemented by the developers.

<u>Roads</u> - Cork County Council will be responsible for the funding and construction of the key roads infrastructure to the site and within the site. All other required road infrastructure improvements will be the responsibility of the TII, NTA and the developers.

<u>Rail</u>—Irish Rail will be responsible for the development of the new railway station and the park and ride facility.

The Council will give separate consideration to the issues of funding of required infrastructure through development contributions. The Council is having discussions with the Department relating to Development Contributions. These discussions have not been concluded however the Council will agree on a suitable development contribution scheme for the provision of infrastructure for Stone view Urban-Expansion Area in due course.

The provision of the necessary infrastructure on this site involves the complex co-ordination of investment programmes by a number of infrastructure agencies involving land in a number of different ownerships.

To overcome these difficulties the County Council is proposing to co-ordinate development and infrastructure provision between the various agencies and landowners through the use of agreements under Section 47 of the Planning and Development Acts as described in Section 1.

Intending developers are advised to enter discussions with the County Council at an early stage so that proposals for the funding and delivery of infrastructure to support the proposed development can be agreed at the outset.

The infrastructure trigger points for each phase of the development are summarised in Table 3.4;

Table 3.4 Stoneview Principal On Site Infrastructure Requirements					
Prior to	Type of Infrastructure	Responsibility for Delivery			
Commencement of	N20 Over bridge	Cork County Council			
Development	Stoneview Upper and Lower Rail Bridges	Cork County Council			
	N20 Widening	TH			
	Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road)	Cork County Council			
	Shean Upper, Stoneview Upper and Lower Distributor	Cork County Council			
	Roads-				
	Park Access Road	Cork County Council			
	Stoneview Upper Collector Road	Cork County Council			
	Stoneview Lower Collector Road	Cork County Council			
	Local Road Improvements (R617 and Station Road)	Cork County Council			
	Upgrade pedestrian and cycleway facilities along	Cork County Council			
	Station Road				
	Provision of Water Supply	<del>Irish Water</del>			
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water	<del>Irish Water</del>			
	Treatment and Collection				
	SUDS Study	Cork County Council			
	Suburban Rail Network Study	Irish Rail/Cork County			
		Council/NTA			
Phase 1					
	Stoneview Northern Access Road (South-East and	<del>Developers</del>			
	North-West)				
	Central Park	<del>Developers</del>			
	Primary School 1 ( subject to agreement with the	Developers/Dept of			

	Dept. of Education)	Education
	Train Station (subject to agreement with IE)	Irish Rail
	Park and Ride (subject to agreement with IE)	Irish Rail
	Community Worship/Hall	<del>Developers</del>
	<del>Drainage</del>	Developers/Cork County
		Council
	<del>Utilities</del>	<del>Developers/Utility</del>
		<del>Providers</del>
	Provision of Water Supply	<del>Irish Water</del>
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water	<del>Irish Water</del>
	Treatment and Collection	
	Implement the provisions of the Cork Cycling Strategy	Cork County
		Council/Developers
Phase 2		
	Primary School 2 ( subject to agreement with the	Developers/Dept of
	Dept. of Education)	<u>Education</u>
	Secondary School ( subject to agreement with the	Developers/Dept of
	Dept. of Education)	Education
	Provision of Water Supply	Irish Water
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water	Irish Water
	Treatment and Collection	
Phase 3	Provision of open space/playing fields	Developer
	Provision of access roads to service business lands	Developer
		·

Table 3.4: Blarney (Stoneview) Urban Expansion Area Proposed On-Site Infrastructure Programme Delivery Agency: Developer					
On-Site Infrastructure Bundle	Key projects	Notes	Delivery Programme		
Α	On-Site Road U-08* On-Site Road U-11*	To include water and waste water networks and surface water disposal network	Delivery of Bundle 'A' will facilitate development on the following zones:		
	Delivery of phase 1 of surface water management system		BL-R-09 BL-R-10 BL-R-11 BL-R-12		
	Waste Water connection** to existing Irish Water Infrastructure		BL-C-01 (Railway Station and Park and Ride)		
	Drinking water** connection to IW infrastructure		BL-C-02 (Primary School) BL-T-02		
D	On Site Board II 05*	To include water and	BL-0-06 (Central Park)		
В	On-Site Road U-09* On-Site Road U-10*	To include water and waste water networks and surface water	Delivery of Bundle 'B' can be delivered independently of		

On-Site Road U-11*	disposal network	Bundle 'A' providing
Delivery of phase 2 of surface water management system		water and waste water connections and offsite road infrastructure are available. Bundle 'B' will facilitate development on the following zones:
		BL-R-13 BL-R-14 BL-R-15 BL-R-16 BL-R-17
		BL-C-03(Primary and Secondary School)
		BL-T-02 BL-0-07 BL-0-08
	Delivery of phase 2 of surface water	Delivery of phase 2 of surface water

<sup>\*</sup>Access to serve individual dwellings will not be permitted. New access will be to estate roads only

٦	Proposed Off-Site	oneview) Urban Expansion Area Infrastructure Programme cy: Cork County Council
Development Phase	No of Housing Units	Off-Site Infrastructure Project
Phase 1	Up to 1,250	Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road)
		N20 Over bridge (for later conversion to new N20 interchange)
		New road-over-rail bridge (No.1)
		Train Station (subject to agreement with IE)
		Local Road Improvements (R617 and Station Road)
		Pedestrian and cycleway facilities (Phase 1)
Phase 2	1,250 – 2,600	New road-over-rail bridge (No.2)
		Upgrade of N20 over-bridge to new N20 interchange.
		Park & Ride facility
		Walking/Cycling network (Phase 2)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Can also be delivered as part of Bundle 'B'

### Ringwood-Area for New Residential Development

#### **Policy Background**

- 3.2.100 The Ringwood site was identified in the Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Review, Public Consultation Document 14<sup>th</sup> December 2015 where it was suggested that additional housing land including the lands stretching east from Station Road towards the N20 and south to the R617 was required to be identified.
- 3.2.101 The development of these lands in close proximity to Blarney town centre, the Stoneview Urban Expansion Area and the suburban rail network offers the opportunity to achieve high modal shift. Delivering the development of these lands and associated road/ rail infrastructure is a part of the Cork County Councils development framework for Metropolitan Cork. Therefore these lands have been identified as an Urban Expansion Area and the plan sets out a clear pathway for the future development of the Ringwood site.

#### Context

- 3.2.102 The Ringwood Urban Expansion Area adjoins the existing development boundary approximately 1km east of Blarney town centre on the western side of the N20 National Primary Road and to the south of the Dublin to Cork railway line. This prominent site is approximately 56 ha in size with one landowner.
- 3.2.103 The Blarney Business Park is located across the N20 and is clearly visible from the northern and eastern sections of the site. The R-01 lands identified in the current local area Plan form the north eastern portion of the lands in question and have been incorporated into the urban expansion area.
- 3.2.104 The lands slope from the southern roadside boundary back up to the circular wooded area (Ringwood) which is fairly centrally located on the site. The lands continue to slope back down and upwards again towards the R-01 lands. Levels to the east and west of Ringwood slope away from this cluster of trees back down to the N20 to the east and to Station Road to the west. There is a smaller wooded area to the north east of the site which should be retained along with the existing hedgerows and hedging both within and along the site boundaries. The existing established dwellings fronting onto Station road back on to the western site boundary and established housing estates bounds the northern site boundary.
- 3.2.105 The lands are currently in agricultural use with a dwelling and associated outbuildings (with planning permission to convert to a dwelling) and a golf driving range at the south-western end of the site. Parts of the site are also used as a running/walking track. There are currently three entrances to the lands, with two entrances off the R617 along the southern site boundary and an agricultural entrance off Station Road.

#### **Proposals for Ringwood**

- 3.2.106 The site will accommodate a mixed use development to include up to 750 1000 residential units, a neighbourhood centre and cultural/commercial uses over a number of phases. Development within each phase will include a variety of house types and sizes and a range of densities.
- 3.2.107 Each phase will include the number of residential units, amenities, the physical infrastructure and access strategy required, thereby setting out the enabling works that are required to allow

development to commence. The phasing will provide a framework within which proposals for the development of individual sections can be co-ordinated and each development phase has been subdivided into individual pockets of land uses with a development objective. These objectives are set out below and include residential, neighbourhood centre and open space.

- 3.2.108 Development on the site will be guided by the phasing descriptions and having regard to the Departments Sustainable Residential Development in Urban Areas Guidelines, accompanying Design Manual and the Cork County Council's Residential Estates Design Guide, 2011.
- 3.2.109 The aim is to provide a range of densities across the site which will encourage a mix of house types to be provided which supports rail public transport while also providing a choice of units for family needs. The approach to housing density in County Cork is set out in Table HOU 4-1 of the County Development Plan 2014.

#### **Environment**

- 3.2.110 Prior to the commencement of any development on these lands an ecological appraisal would need to be carried out. The purpose of the appraisal would be to assess the baseline ecological conditions for each site, to identify the key ecological resources to be retained such as stands and lines of trees, and where necessary identify the scope of further ecological surveys. Initial investigations indicate that there are currently no environmental designations pertaining to the development site nor is this area likely to be designated in the future.
- 3.2.111 In general the land consists of a mixture of tillage ground and intensive grassland. Diversity is generally confined to the field margins such as hedges, strips of woodland and wet grassland. Some habitats of local value were noted including woodlands, hedgerows and tree lines within the lands. These woodlands should be retained and improved with ecological corridors maintained/provided to link them to lands outside the site.
- 3.2.112 A circular area of woodland known as Ringwood is a distinctive feature in the area and consists of an outer ring of trees including ash and oak. The internal area is dominated by Sitka spruce.

  Although the outer ring of trees is of ecological value, the internal area is of limited value. Another area of woodland is located to the north east in a wetland area adjoining the N20.
- 3.2.113 A number additional measures and surveys will need to be undertaken before development can take place. These include;
  - A mammal survey to assess the potential for a badger sett and the presence of otter holts.
  - A bat survey to determine the use of tree lines by bats for commuting and foraging corridors, this should also be extended to survey mature trees proposed for removal to ascertain their use/potential use by roosting bats.
  - Retain existing tree lines and hedgerows where possible as ecological corridors.
  - Provide green spaces and/or corridors within the site to maintain habitat connectivity.
  - Provide adequate buffer zones along watercourses to ensure riparian zones are not degraded and there is no bank side erosion.
- 3.2.114 The undertaking of further surveys and impact assessment resulting in targeted mitigation should enable the proposed development to proceed without any large adverse effects on the ecology of the site or adjacent environment.
- 3.2.115 There are some watercourses and possibly springs which when combined with the sites topography lead to there been a number of wet areas. Control of groundwater and surface water will be required for environmental reasons and to maximise effective re-use of sub soils in the development.

#### **Transportation and Road Network**

- **3.2.116** The main existing access road from the site is via the R617 to the south of the site which gives access to and from Blarney Town and the N20 to the east. The other existing access road is onto Station Road to the west which joins the R617 to the south west. Station Road has limited capacity to accommodate additional traffic either from this site or the Stoneview site to the north.
- 3.2.117 Therefore an alternative new Blarney Link Road to the east of Station Road linking the N20 interchange with the R617 is required. This will involve the development of the N20 Over bridge to the north east and the Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road) running north south through the site linking the N20 overbridge/interchange with the R617. There will also need to be local road improvements (R617 and Station Road) carried out. It is also proposed to include a link road east west from the proposed N20 Overbridge to Station Road. The main access road into the site would be provided by a junction/roundabout at a suitable location on the proposed Blarney Link Road.
- 3.2.118 The proposed new Blarney Link Road has the following characteristics and advantages:
  - It can accommodate the anticipated traffic volumes in and out of Ringwood in a safe manner.
  - It can prevent additional traffic loads onto Station Road.
  - It is proposed east of Station Road linking the R617 directly to the new N20 interchange.
- 3.2.119 The other key elements of the traffic and transportation movement strategy for Ringwood site are:
  - Provision of collector roads to provide access to the east and western sections of the site.
  - Network of primary and secondary roads, paths and cycle paths within the site.
  - Maximise the permeability of the development by ensuring appropriate pedestrian, cycle and vehicular linkages within the site and to surrounding areas.
  - Minimise through-traffic in the site other than along the Blarney Link Road.

#### Phasing

- 3.2.120 The timing of each phase of development is directly linked to infrastructure availability. It is envisaged that development phases may commence in a sequential order once appropriate and necessary infrastructure is available to serve the proposed development.
- 3.2.121 A total of three development phases (1, 2 and 3) are identified within the development site. This plan specifies, for each phase, the number of residential units, amenities, physical infrastructure and access strategy required, thereby setting out the enabling works that are required to allow development to commence.
- 3.2.122 The principal roads and services infrastructure will be constructed first which will facilitate subsequent construction being carried out with minimal need for construction traffic on public roads around the site other than the N20.
- 3.2.123 Phase 1. This phase of the development covers a developable area of approximately 4.4 ha (R-01) to the north of the site and will provide at least 80 110 residential units which will consist of Medium A Density development.

- 3.2.124 Phase 2. This phase of the development covers a developable area of approximately 15.5 ha (R-04 and R-05) and will provide at least 280 380 residential units which will consist of a mix of Medium A, Medium B Density development. Consideration may also be given to provision of a neighbourhood centre.
- 3.2.125 <a href="Phase 3.">Phase 3.</a> This phase of the development covers a developable area of approximately 22ha (R-06, R-07 and R-08) and will provide at least 390-507 residential units which will consist of Medium A Density including detached and/or serviced sites.

#### **Implementation and Infrastructure Provision**

3.2.126 The Plan sets out the construction responsibility and funding source for the required infrastructure.

The principle infrastructure requirements for the site are; Water, Waste Water and Roads.

<u>Water</u> - Irish Water will be responsible for the funding and provision of water supply and waste water treatment capacity and it is the intention of Irish Water to include funding of these projects as part of their next investment cycle. The design and layout of water services will require consultation with Irish Water. Cork County Council will be responsible for the preparation of a Sustainable Urban Drainage Scheme Study which will be implemented by the developers.

<u>Roads</u> - Cork County Council will be responsible for the funding and construction of the key roads infrastructure to the site and within the site. All other required road infrastructure improvements will be the responsibility of the TII, NTA and the developers.

<u>Bus -</u> Future bus service provision and the potential for bus to meet the future public transport requirements for Blarney, Stoneview lands and Ringwood lands will need to be considered as part of a package of transport interventions. This will include the provision of high levels of permeability within and between new and existing development areas which facilitates the operation of bus services through these areas, at an early stage in their development.

- 3.2.127 The Council will give separate consideration to the issues of funding of required infrastructure through development contributions. The Council are having discussions with the Department relating to Development Contributions. These discussions have not been concluded however the Council will agree on a suitable development contribution scheme for the provision of infrastructure for Ringwood Urban Expansion Area due course.
- 3.2.128 The infrastructure trigger points for each phase of the development are summarised in Table 3.6;

Table 3.	Table 3.6: Ringwood Principal Infrastructure Requirements for each Phase				
Prior to Commencement of	Type of Infrastructure	Responsibility for Delivery			
Development	N20 Over bridge	Cork County Council			
	N20 Widening	TII			
	Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road)	Cork County Council/ <del>Developer</del>			
	Local Road Improvements (R617 and Station Road)	Cork County Council			
	Provide a new link road east west from the	Developer			
	Blarney Link Road to Station Road				
	Upgrade pedestrian and cycleway facilities along Station Road	Cork County Council			
	Provision of Water Supply	Irish Water			
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water Treatment and Collection	Irish Water			
	SUDS Study	Cork County Council			
	Suburban Rail Network Study	Irish Rail/Cork County			
	,	Council/NTA			
Phase 1					
	Drainage	Developers/Cork County Council			
	Utilities	Developers/Utility Providers			
	Provision of Water Supply	Irish Water			
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water Treatment and Collection	Irish Water			
Phase 2					
	Provision of Water Supply	Irish Water			
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water	Irish Water			
	Treatment and Collection				
Phase 3	Provision of Water Supply	Irish Water			
	Provision of Capacity for Waste Water	Irish Water			
	Treatment and Collection				

## **General Objectives**

3.2.129 The following general objectives shall apply to all development within the development boundary of Blarney.

Local Area Plan Objective					
	General Objectives for Blarney.				
Objective No.					
GO-01	Plan for development to enable Blarney to achieve its target population of 7,533 persons.				
GO-02	Support the development of mixed use residential developments on the Urban Expansion Area at Stoneview and the Area of New Residential Development at Ringwood.				
GO-03	Prepare a detailed Traffic, Transportation and Public Realm Strategy for Blarney. This plan should address:  the merits of introducing a one way system in Blarney,  The need for junction improvements and road widening on key approach roads,  The provision of a network of designated walking and cycling routes to provide safe, convenient and pleasant connectivity between the town's main residential areas, schools, the town centre and the railway station complex.				
GO-03	Provision of adequate water and wastewater infrastructure to service lands and ensure the town achieves its growth targets over the lifetime of the plan.				
GO-04	<ul> <li>a) Ensure that provision is made in proposals for new development, particularly for housing, office, retail, industrial and educational uses to provide safe, convenient and pleasant pedestrian and cycling routes linking the development to the railway station and the other principal areas of the town.</li> <li>b) In achieving this objective, special attention will be paid to the layout of the development to ensure that appropriate measures are taken to establish a walking and cycling friendly environment.</li> </ul>				
GO-05	Ensure adequate regard is given to assessing the visual impacts of new developments in close proximity to Blarney Castle and estate so as to ensure that such developments do not comprise the landscape and heritage character of the area.				
GO-06	Promote the further development of Blarney as a key tourist destination.				
GO-07	Support the completion of the proposed M20.				
GO-08	Encourage the appropriate redevelopment of the X-01 site.				
GO-09	Support the implementation of the Cork Cycleway Network Plan.				
GO-10	In order to secure the sustainable population growth and supporting development proposed in GO-01, appropriate and sustainable water and waste water infrastructure that will secure the objectives of the relevant River Basin Management Plan and must be provided and be operational in advance of the commencement of any discharges from the development. Waste water infrastructure must be capable of treating discharges to ensure that water quality in the receiving harbour does not fall below legally required levels.				
GO-11	Development in the town will only be permitted where it is shown that it is compatible with the requirements of the Habitats Directive and the protection of these sites. Protection and enhancement of biodiversity resources within the receiving environment of the town will be encouraged.				

# **Specific Objectives**

3.2.130 The specific zoning objectives for Blarney are set out in the following table:

Local Area Plan Objective					
Specific Development Objectives for Blarney					
* Flood Risk Objective applies		<b>↑</b> TIA and RSA Requ		ired.	
Objective No.				Approx. Area (Ha)	
		Residential			
BL R-01	Medium A Density Residential Development, with provision for pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential developments. The character of the existing woodland to be retained and developed as an open space amenity area.			4.4	
BL R-02	Medium B Density Residential Development subject to satisfactory access to public road.			4.2	
BL R-03	Medium B Density Residential Development including detached dwellings, limited to the lower portion of the site. The upper part of the site, closer to the ridge, is generally unsuitable for development and should be retained as open land uses with long term strategic planting as part of the overall scheme.			7.6	
BL R-04	Medium B Density Residential Development with provision for pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential and open space areas.			1.2	
BL R-05	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for pedestrian and cycleway linkages adjoining residential and open space areas. Consideration will also be given to the provision of a neighbourhood centre to serve residents of the overall Ringwood development.		14.25		
BL R-06	Medium B Density Residential Development with provision for pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential and open space areas.		3.64		
BL R-07	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential and open space areas.		15.26		
BL R-08	Medium B Density Residential Development with provision for pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential and open space areas.		2.61		
BL R-09	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for vehicular, pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential and open space areas.		7.79		
BL R-10	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for vehicular, pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential, town centre and open space areas.			16.05	
BL R-11		y Residential Development with pro	vision for	4.94	

		Local Area Plan Objective		a Amenamen	
	Specific D	evelopment Objectives for Bla	rney		
* Flood Risk Objective applies		<b>↑</b> TIA and RSA Requ		ıired.	
Objective No.				Approx. Area (Ha)	
	vehicular, pedest and open space a	rian and cycleway linkages to ac	djoining residential		
BL R-12	Medium B Densit houses/serviced s	y Residential Development to in sites, with provision for vehicula to adjoining residential and op	7.97		
BL R-13	houses/serviced s	y Residential Development to in sites with provision for vehicula to adjoining open space areas.	3.71		
BL R-14	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for vehicular, pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential and open space areas.			13.65	
BL R-15	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for vehicular, pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential town centre, and open space areas.			17.16	
BL R-16	houses/serviced s	um B Density Residential Development to include detached ss/serviced sites with provision for vehicular, pedestrian and vay linkages to adjoining open space areas.			
BL R-17	vehicular, pedest	ium A Density Residential Development with provision for cular, pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining lential, community and open space areas.			
BL R-18	vehicular, pedest	Medium A Density Residential Development with provision for vehicular, pedestrian and cycleway linkages to adjoining residential, community and open space areas.		4.21	
	planting along the be required in ord	aping plan which makes provisions southern and western boundander to protect the existing chara Castle. Include provision for the	aries of the site will acter of the area e realignment of		
	the R617 as part of	of any development proposals o	*on the site.		
		Business			
BL B-01	connectivity to the development pro	ment – with strong pedestrian/ e proposed train station at Stor posals will need to apply highes e detailed landscaping strategie	neview. Any st standards of	20.8	
BL B-02	Business Develop connectivity to th development pro	pment – with strong pedestrian/cycleway the proposed train station at Stoneview. Any oposals will need to apply highest standards of de detailed landscaping strategies.		7.53	
BL B-03	Business Develop connectivity to th development pro	Development – with strong pedestrian/cycleway vity to the proposed train station at Stoneview. Any ment proposals will need to apply highest standards of and include detailed landscaping strategies.		4.96	

		Local Area Plan Objective	sed Amendme
	Specific D	Development Objectives for Blarney	
* Flood Risk Objective applies		<b>↑</b> TIA and RSA Rec	juired.
Objective No.			Approx. Area (Ha)
		Town Centre	
BL T-01	Town Centre Dev developments the proposal will need square and the w	13.7	
BL T-02	Town Centre Dev	own Centre Development to include a mix of town centre uses including residential.	
		Community	
BL C-01	Provision of a rail	Provision of a railway station and park and ride facility.	
BL C-02	Provision of a Primary School.		1.76
BL C-03	Provision of a Primary and Secondary Schools.		6.77
		Utilities	
U-01	N20 Over bridge including pedestrian walk/cycleway.  Provision of a new interchange and bridge over the N20		
U-02	N20 Widening Provision of a Link Road from the proposed Blarney Link Road to Station Road		
U-03	Blarney Link Road walk/cycleway.	Blarney Link Road (Shean Lower Road) including pedestrian	
U-04	Shean Upper Road including pedestrian walk/cycleway.		
U-05	Stoneview Upper walk/cycleway.	and Lower Rail Bridges including pedestrian	
U-06	Stoneview Lower walk/cycleway.	Distributor Roads including pedestrian	
U-07		Stoneview Upper Distributor Roads and realigned section of Station Road, including pedestrian walk/cycleway.	
U- 08	Stoneview Lower walk/cycleway.	Stoneview Lower Collector Road including pedestrian	
U-09	Park Access Road	including pedestrian walk/cycleway.	
U-10	Stoneview Upper Collector Road including pedestrian walk/cycleway.		
U-11	Stoneview Northern Access Road (South-East and North-West) including pedestrian walk/cycleway.		
U-12	Local Road Improvements along R617 including realignment and provision of pedestrian walk/cycleway.		

		Local Area Plan Objective				
Specific Development Objectives for Blarney						
* Flood Risk Objective applies		<b>↑</b> TIA and RSA Required		uired.		
Objective No.				Approx. Area (Ha)		
U-13	Local Road Impro walk/cycleway	vements (Station Road) including pe	edestrian			
U-14	Complete Pedestrian Walk from town centre to Waterloo Bridge.					
U-15	Local Access Road	cal Access Road including pedestrian walk.				
U-16	Develop Pedestrian Walk/Cycleway along Blarney river to Tower.					
U17	Provide for Realignment of the R617 including new junctions, footpaths and cycleways.					
	Open Spa	ce, Sports, Recreation and Amenity	,			
BL O-01	Open Space. Protect Open Space for informal public recreation.  *Amenity walk to be completed.			33.8		
BL O-02	Open Space. Protect Open Space for informal public recreation			8.3		
	including the pro	* vision of playing pitches.				
BL O-03	Open Space. Provide Open Space (Ringwood) for informal public recreation and retain existing trees.		ormal public	12.56		
BL O-04	Open Space. Pro	Protect the visual setting of the town.		3.69		
BL O-05	Open Space. Propassive recreation	pace. Provide Central Park Open Space for both active and recreation.		5.86		
BL O-06	Open Space. Propassive recreation	Space. Provide Central Park Open Space for both active and ve recreation.		6.96		
BL O-07		Open Space. Provide Open Space for both active and passive recreation and the provision of playing field and community		3.81		
BL O-08	Open Space. Proinformal public re	vide Open Space and protect amenitecreation.	ty walk for	10.33		
		Special Policy Area				
BL X-01	including a hotel, appropriate convuses. All building architectural desi	a. To include a range of town centre a leisure centre, offices, residential enience, comparison and tourism res on the site should be of a high quagn.  Southern boundaries of the site willer to protect the existing character of	and lated retail lity need to be	4.23		
	and views of the					
	•	. , , , , ,	, ,	1		

Local Area Plan Objective  Specific Development Objectives for Blarney				
* Flood Risk Objective applies  **TIA and RSA Required.				
Objective No.		,		Approx. Area (Ha)
	BL-R-18 site to the west and the town centre to the east.  Any development on the northern portion of the site will make provision for the realignment of the R617.			

### **Appendix B5**

Amendment No. BM.03.03.01

### **Macroom Environs**

Delete Existing Text and Insert New Text as follows;

### **Vision and Context**

- 1.1.3 Macroom is the largest main town within the Blarney-Macroom Municipal District and it is an important centre of population and employment in the south west region. Macroom is located on the N22 National Primary Route between Cork and Kerry approximately midway between Killarney and Cork City.
- 1.1.4 The town has an attractive setting along the banks of the River Sullane. Macroom has a wide floodplain and flooding is a risk in the town, occasionally the river has burst its banks particularly at the western end of the town.
- 1.1.5 The vision for the town is as follows:

"The town has been identified as a Ring Town and therefore an important growth/ development centre playing a pivotal role in linking South West Cork with North West Cork. The towns continued role as an employment and service centre for the North-West region is important in providing a population and employment balance to Cork City. Growth within the town should be encouraged, aligned with the improvement of transportation links, services and other linkages. New employment and commercial opportunities need to be explored which will allow the town to grow in a sustainable manner to avoid it becoming a dormitory town for Metropolitan Cork.

A compact growth model is recommended in terms of future development in Macroom. The aim of this model is to encourage densification rather than allow continuous edge of town expansion. There should be restriction on expansion on the outskirts of the town in preference to a more compact urban form which would support public transport and pedestrian/ cycling movements. There will also be a focus on urban renewal and regeneration which will see development being redirected from the outskirts to undeveloped areas of the town centre. Large pockets of undeveloped land exist in the town centre providing enormous development potential and the opportunity to create a more balanced structure to the town's development."

- 1.1.6 The Cork County Development Plan 2014 identifies Macroom as one of six Ring Towns in the network of settlements. This means the town is prioritised as a centre of growth within the Greater Cork Ring Strategic Planning Area with a corresponding priority in terms of infrastructural investment.
- 1.1.7 The CASP update 2008 states that there is a need to slow down the rapid expansion in population in the rural areas of Greater Cork Ring Towns in recent years while moderately strengthening the urban areas of the big towns with a focus on population growth in the urban areas and a corresponding increase in local employment opportunities.
- 1.1.8 Since the last Plan period, Macroom Town Council has been dissolved. However the Macroom Town Council Plan, 2009 remains in force until the next review of the Cork County Development Plan, 2014, with the new County Development Plan due to be adopted no later than December 2020. Therefore the policies and objectives contained in this section of the Local Area Plan relate only to those areas outside the functional area of the former Town Council.

### **Local Context**

- 1.1.9 Macroom is a market town with an attractive natural setting and benefits from amenities such as the Sullane River and the Gearagh which is a proposed Natural Heritage Area, a Special Protection Area and a candidate Special Area of Conservation.
- 1.1.10 Macroom has an attractive streetscape and a good range of facilities and services for its size.

  Traffic congestion in the town is a problem at peak times and a bypass is needed. The town is surrounded by steep hills to the north and south which are a constraint in terms of its future expansion.

### **Planning Considerations and Proposals**

### **Population and Housing**

- 1.1.11 Macroom has a population target of 4,536 representing growth of 657 persons on Census 2011 figures (3,879). In order to accommodate this level of population growth, an additional 468 housing units will be required. A net housing land requirement of 23ha has been identified to provide this amount of housing. This plan makes provision for an estimated net residential land supply of 60.9ha 66.9ha with the capacity to provide at least 1,184units.
- 1.1.12 While this total land supply is in excess of that required to meet the development needs of the town over the lifetime of the plan, it is estimated that the housing yield will be lower than expected due to the topography of some sites. It is also desirable that the town have some capacity to cater for additional growth, where this cannot be catered for within the villages of the Municipal District, in addition to the requirement to provide a strategic land reserve (headroom) in the settlement.

Table 3.5 Macroom Population and Households 2011-2022					
Name	Census 2006	Census 2011	2022 Target	Increase to 2022	
Population	3553	3,879	4,536	657	
Households	-	-	-	467	

- 1.1.13 The town experienced significant housing growth, particularly to the west prior to 2007. Residential land supply in Macroom is located to the north and south of the Sullane River while there is also a significant supply of infill sites zoned for residential use in the town centre. All of the residential zonings provide for Medium A and Medium B density residential development with some sites considered suitable for individual sites. Some of the residential zoned lands in the town have been identified as being at risk of flooding and are therefore no longer considered suitable for residential use.
- 1.1.14 There are a number of residential developments where some houses have been built. The most significant of these are: (a) Meadowlands Development at Massytown where there are approximately 176 units remaining to the built, (b) The Orchard Development at Sleaveen East and (c) The lands east and south of St Coleman's new primary school where there is permission for 78 units and grounds works have been undertaken.
- 1.1.15 Many of the new development areas are some distance from the town centre and the development of good quality pedestrian/cycle connectivity to the town centre from new development areas is essential. In many cases the development of the land identified for new residential development is dependent on the delivery of new roads and water services infrastructure and the timeline around the delivery of this infrastructure is uncertain and may be beyond the direct control of the County Council. Further details in relation to implementation are outlined in Section 6 of this plan.
- 1.1.16 Estimates from the An Post Geodirectory Data measuring postal addresses and occupied houses shows in Table 3.6 that between 2005 and 2015 about 549 new dwellings were constructed in the town with Macroom now containing approximately 1789 dwellings. Significant growth took place during the period 2005-2010.

Table 3.6 Macroom Housing Stock 2005-2015			
Dwellings 2005	Dwellings 2010	Dwellings 2015	
1240	1855	1789	

1.1.17 In the current Town and Local Area Plans for Macroom there are 32 different sites identified for residential development including some town centre opportunity sites. In some cases the residential zoning has been removed as the sites have been shown to be at risk of flooding. In other cases residential sites have been amalgamated and consolidated. This plan now identifies 16 sites which are specifically zoned for residential development.

### **Employment and Economic Activity**

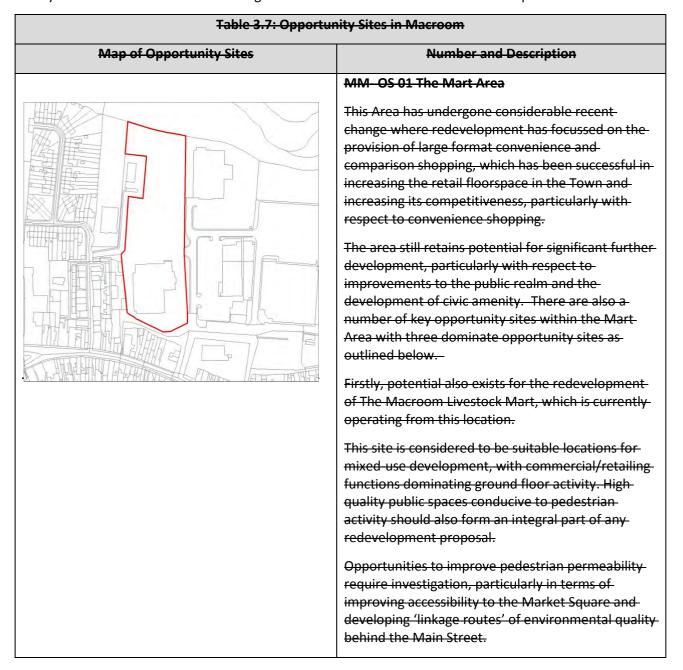
- 1.1.18 The Cork County Development Plan 2014 identified Macroom as a third tier employment location after the Cork Gateway (including Mallow Hub) and Clonakilty. The employment objectives within "Other Towns" are to "focus on local catchment employment in the town". Part of the strategy for such towns is to provide an accompanying infrastructure programme to service land supply identified for future employment development focused on medium to small business/industry.
- 1.1.19 Results from the 2011 Census show a daytime working population resident and non-resident in Macroom of 1,506 persons, with commerce and trade being the largest industry. The retail sector in the town also provides good employment. In 2011 there were 1,824 persons living in Macroom in the labour force and of these, 81.5% or 1,487 persons were at work although nearly half of them (695) worked outside the area. Of the 1,191 persons aged 15 years and over who were outside the labour force, 24.3% were students, 23.3% were looking after the home/family and 35.7 per cent were retired. The census shows that the unemployment rate in 2011 for this area was 18.5% compared with a national average rate of 19.0%.
- 1.1.20 Macroom Town contains a variety of industries and enterprises which are mainly concentrated in the town itself with a few industrial clusters occurring in Masseytown, the old industrial park at Hartnetts Cross and the Macroom Environmental Business Park.
- 1.1.21 This Plan sets out to ensure that there is sufficient industrial/business land available to meet the demand for employment land if the need arose during the lifetime of the plan. The plan identifies three sites for business use (B-01, B-02 and B-03) and one site for industrial use (I-01). Three of the sites are located to the south east of the town centre and one is located to the north west of the town centre.
- 1.1.22 The Macroom Environmental Industrial Park which is located on the old Eircom site in the town has been a successful model for employment in the town and is dedicated to helping start up and growing businesses in the Lee Valley region. The Park contains an enterprise centre which provides incubator space and associated back up services such as cheap broadband rates, competitive rental charges, a centralised reception and office services, advanced telecommunications, hot desks, a state of the art meeting room and ample parking. The success of this park should be built upon and more lands made available for similar industries.
- 1.1.23 A review of the scale, location and appropriateness of Macroom's employment land supply has been carried out as part of the preparation of the new local area plan. Part of the site zoned B-01 has been identified as being at risk of flooding but is retained with appropriate text. There are also existing constraints in relation to the provision of water services which may mean a large amount of zoned land is not available in the short-medium term.

### **Town Centre/Retail**

- 1.1.24 Macroom Town serves a local urban population and extensive rural catchment. As a Ring Town the objective for retail in Macroom Town Centre as set out in the Cork County Development Plan 2014 is to support the vitality and viability of the town and to ensure that it provides an appropriate range of retail and non retail functions to serve the needs of the community and respective catchment areas. There is a need to encourage future expansion and regeneration of Macroom Town Centre in line with anticipated future population growth.
- 1.1.25 Historically, the Square has been the focal point of the Town, playing a pivotal role in the administrative, commercial, cultural and recreational functioning of the Town. The Area has a distinctive character and accommodates a number of buildings of architectural merit.
- 1.1.26 Macroom has a mix of both convenience and comparison shopping with the retail focal point more recently split between the Market Square and the newly developed Fair Green/Mart Site where there is extensive free car parking. Convenience shopping in the town has improved with the opening of Dunnes Stores and Lidl at the Mart Site. However it is recognised that there is a shortfall in higher order comparison shopping. The peripheral areas of the town to the west of the Market Square and to the east of the Mart Site have high levels of vacancy.
- 1.1.27 It is an important to encourage the refurbishment and reuse of the historical residential and retail element of the character of Macroom along Cork Street, Main Street, New Street and Castle Street especially the vacant buildings/properties. These streets may have the capacity to accommodate mixed use developments consisting of appropriately scaled retail, commercial and residential with the amalgamation of a number of properties.
- 1.1.28 The Macroom Town Centre Vacancy Survey which was carried out in April 2013 identifies a number of opportunity sites in the town which include individual sites, a derelict property directly abutting the town council offices and the Mart site and adjoining lands. Overall vacancy in the town centre is approximately 17% as identified in the Vacancy Survey. When categorised into streets with a more primary and secondary function there was little relative difference in vacancy levels between primary (11.6%) and secondary streets (16%).
- 1.1.29 The Macroom Town Plan zoned an extensive area of land "town centre" including significant areas of "backlands" west of the River for "town centre expansion". Current analysis suggests that there are adequate lands already available north and south of the existing retail core to facilitate an appropriate scale of town centre expansion which can reinforce the existing retail core. Therefore the extent of the Town Centre zoning has being reduced with lands west of the Bridge generally rezoned to "Existing Built Up Area".
- 1.1.30 The quality of the shopping environment in the town with regard to pedestrian safety and car parking is adversely affected by traffic congestion. Traffic pollution is a major issue for Macroom and it affects the overall attractiveness and ambience of the town centre. The Town Centre Vacancy Survey also found that in general the condition of footpaths along the street is quite good however the width of the footpaths is an issue along some streets leading to the town centre where the environment is less pleasant for the pedestrian. The pavements are also cluttered in places where lampposts, litter bins and street signage may conflict particularly along the narrow parts of Main Street and Castle Street. Providing additional street furniture and widening footpaths, where required, would rebalance the town centre in favour of the pedestrian. The town plan identifies identified a number of town centre opportunity sites and includes included a Concept Plan for the Mart Area. of the town and these have been brought forward into this plan as Opportunity Sites, see Table 3.7.

### **Opportunity Sites**

1.1.31 The Plan has identified a number of Opportunity Sites in Table 3.7 with an insert map and a description of the site. Each 'Site' is considered to have a distinctive quality and character and plays a key role in the sustainable functioning of the overall town and the town centre in particular.



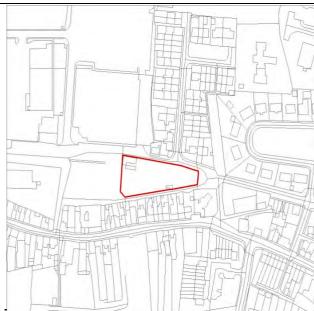
**Table 3.7: Opportunity Sites in Macroom** 



### MM OS 02 The Bus Depot in Mart Area

These development sites are considered to besuitable locations for mixed-use development, withcommercial/retailing functions dominating groundfloor activity. High quality public spaces conduciveto pedestrian activity should also form an integralpart of any redevelopment proposal.

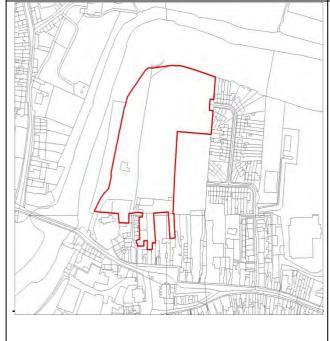
Opportunities to improve pedestrian permeability require investigation, particularly in terms of improving accessibility to the Market Square and developing 'linkage routes' of environmental quality behind the Main Street.



### MM- OS 03 Redevelopment of Council Yard in the Mart Area

These development sites are considered to besuitable locations for mixed-use development, withcommercial/retailing functions dominating groundfloor activity. High quality public spaces conduciveto pedestrian activity should also form an integralpart of any redevelopment proposal.

Opportunities to improve pedestrian permeability require investigation, particularly in terms of improving accessibility to the Market Square and developing 'linkage routes' of environmental quality behind the Main Street.



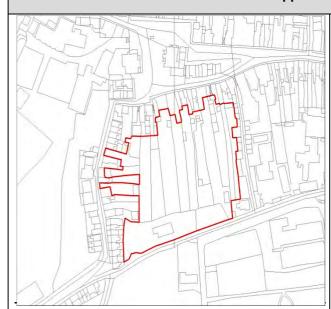
### MM OS 04 North of Macroom Square:

The site to the North of the Market Square includes the land and buildings of the former Church of Ireland Church, on Castle Street. This building is in the ownership of the Council and has the potential to be redeveloped for a cultural/tourist use and provide a tranquil space away from the busy congestion of the Market Square. The Northern end of the site overlooks the River Sullane and an opportunity exists to integrate the site with this amenity.

A former bakery in this opportunity site also has potential for redevelopment.

Overall this area has the potential to be a very vibrant mixed use space, however this has been constrained by a number of key factors such as; traffic congestion, on street parking and the need to improve pedestrianisation and pedestrian links.

**Table 3.7: Opportunity Sites in Macroom** 

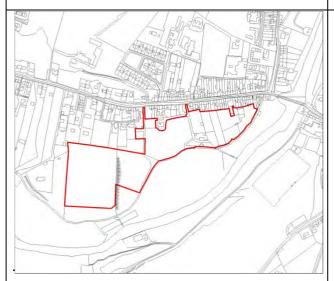


### **MM OS 05 South of Macroom Square**

This is a significant opportunity sites for development identified to the south of the Market Square, located behind the Main Street.

The site to the south of Market Square includes some vacant properties and sizeable gardens to the rear and side of houses which combine to create potential for a significant infill site that harnesses its prime location in the town centre.

It is the intention of the Council that each of the sites is developed as a cohesive unit integrated with the Market Square. In this regard, they will be supported in the assembly of land. They also have constraints with regards to accessibility from the Main Street, which will need to be addressed. Both sites should play a key role in the relocation of onstreet car parking from the Market Square.



MM- OS 06 The River Quarter: This area essentially covers lands between New Street and the River-Sullane to the west of the town centre. It currently consists of some intermittent retail uses along New-Street, combined predominantly with a number of vacancies and housing. It is also the point from where the Town Park can be accessed.

The regeneration of this area is largely based on the development of sites behind New Street. The aim isto develop a vibrant mixed use quarter with attractive shops and restaurants that is complementary to significant proportion of residential development.

Educational facilities could also be accommodated and offers an opportunity for educational facilities to integrate with sports grounds and playing pitches across the River.

The development sites to the south of the areabenefit from considerable frontage overlooking the River Sullane. This presents an opportunity to optimise integration with the amenity value associated with the River and surrounding open-space, which can form an integral element of the distinctive character of this area. Development sites in this area will require the development of linkages (both vehicular and pedestrian) to New Street, as well as improved pedestrian linkage to the Market Square.

Development of this Area, also presents an opportunity to improve access to the Town Park.

1.1.32 It is a policy of the Plan to promote synergy between the Opportunity Sites and for each area to-contribute to the vitality and viability of the Town in a complementary manner. Improved pedestrian permeability and enhanced environmental quality between the three should encourage greater pedestrian movement within the Town Centre as a whole.

### **Community Facilities**

- 1.1.33 There are two primary and three secondary schools located in Macroom Town. These include St. Coleman's Boys National School; St. Josephs Primary School, Bishop MacEgan Vocational College, De La Salle Secondary School and St. Mary's Secondary School. Any deficit in school places will most likely be accommodated by an increase in the size of the existing schools in the town.
- 1.1.34 A number of the schools have plans to relocate and/or expand facilities over the Plan period, namely:

St. Colman's National School will be relocating from its current location on Cork Street to a site to the south. This should provide opportunities to improve accessibility and student safety in the vicinity of the school.

The existing De LaSalle Boys College which is located in Masseytown is considering relocating to a new build 2 Storey Secondary School at Sandy Hill in the townland of Gurteenroe, south of New Street. This 1.6ha site is located on the western end of Macroom Town, south of the main N22 and bounding the River Sullane. The site is adjacent to 6.9ha of fully laid out and developed pitches which would benefit the College. This site forms part of the River Quarter Opportunity Area.

- 1.1.35 Within the town, Youth Reach provides FETAC level training for 30 early school leavers. Bishop MacEgan College provides a range of night classes and lifelong learning opportunities for adults. There is also the Adult Learning Centre located on New Street and the Teagasc Training Centre located at Codrum.
- 1.1.36 There are a wide range of community facilities located throughout the town including Garda Station, Courthouse, fire station, church, graveyard, playground, health centre and hospital service. Macroom Community Hospital provides beds for continuing care, respite care, community support/convalescent and palliative care.
- 1.1.37 The town has experienced significant housing and population growth over the past 10 years, particularly towards the western edge. Facilities need to be aligned to meet the needs of the changing social and demographic structure of the town. This requires an assessment of childcare and educational services, recreational facilities for young people, as well as ensuring that the needs and supports required for an expanding older population are met. There is a need for ongoing consultation with community and voluntary groups in the Town to support participation in the planning process and in the development of infrastructure and facilities for the Town.
- 1.1.38 There are currently circa six dedicated childcare facilities in Macroom, including the recently opened Masseytown Family Resource Centre (which is Macroom's first community childcare facility). In addition to private facilities, it would also be understood that family and social networks play a critical role in meeting the Town's childminding requirements.
- 1.1.39 According to the Cork County Childcare Committee, private facilities in the Town tend to focus on preschool care and are generally close to or at capacity. Parents are also choosing facilities outside Macroom that are en route to employment centres (e.g. Ballincollig/ Coachford) and/or provide before and after-school care in conjunction with schools.
- 1.1.40 Within Macroom, shortages have been identified in before and after-school care and crèches. There would also be a requirement for playschools and appropriate outdoor play areas for children in the Town and as part of new developments.

- 1.1.41 There is one public playground within the Plan area. This is located within the Castle Demesne lands, with the entrance to it located at the southern end of the Sleveen Road. However, there are no playgrounds to the north of the plan area. Given the amount of new housing that has occurred in Gurteenroe and Masseytown in recent years, these areas would seem to be appropriate locations for playgrounds. Therefore it is proposed to identify lands that could be used to facilitate the development of public playgrounds at locations adjacent to new residential areas during the lifetime of the plan.
- 1.1.42 Macroom Health centre is located within the Town and provides a range of medical, dental and health services to the local population. It is also the location of the Macroom Hospital and residential psychiatric facilities.
- 1.1.43 Facilities for the Elderly. There are currently two private nursing home facilities in the Town and a community hospital located at the Health Centre. There is sheltered accommodation within the town and a number of local authority housing developments that would cater for the accommodation needs of older people. Currently the daily needs of the elderly are catered for at a satellite day care centre and there is a shortage of accessible transport provision for older people living in the town. Overall the facilities on offer for the elderly are good however there is a need for a fulltime day care centre in the town. which could be possible located on the lands of Macroom Community Hospital.
- 1.1.44 In general terms the area is well serviced with recreational amenities; however some gaps have been identified in service provision. There is a need for a modern sporting and community facility that includes a public swimming pool, as currently there is no public pool in the Town. A requirement has also been identified for a youth café for young people that will provide a meeting point for 'non-sporting' related activities.
- 1.1.45 The Briery Gap is located at the Market Square and is the location of the Town Library, Theatre and Cinema. The Church of Ireland church also at the Market Square presents an opportunity for redevelopment and is currently in the ownership of the Town Council. There are Plans to redevelop the former Church and for the site to play a key role in cultural life in Macroom.

### **Open Space/Green Infrastructure**

- 1.1.46 Macroom is well served by open space and sports facilities however the steep topography of the lands surrounding the town does not suit active open space uses. The most suitable lands in Macroom for open space uses are those in the Castle Demesne and along the River Sullane corridor. Within the Demesne lands there is a Town Park, an 18 hole golf course, a Pitch and Putt course, G.A.A grounds and a number of other playing fields.
- 1.1.47 The majority of the Castle Demesne is used as a golf course by the Macroom Golf Club. At present, the general public has good access to the demesne lands north of the river. However, in the demesne lands south of the river and west of the G.A.A. fields, public access is only permitted along the path running through the Golf Course.
- 1.1.48 This Plan encourages the development of greater public access to the Castle Demesne. At present, the Sullane Bridge is the only way in which access can be gained to both sides of the Castle Demesne. As this is a very busy vehicular bridge, it does not serve to enhance pedestrian permeability of the open space network in the Castle Demesne. This Plan will promote the creation of enhanced connections within the demesne lands, in particular between the north and south. A pedestrian bridge linking the Town Park with the G.A.A. lands would serve to create greater connectivity within the demesne, making the eastern portion more permeable.
- 1.1.49 There is less expanse of open space south of Sullane Bridge. Masseytown Park is a well maintained public park, however, it would benefit from a more visible entry point. East of this park, is a green corridor running either side of the River Sullane. Again, the entry point to this riverside area is not very conspicuous. Entry to the green corridor south of the river is through a set of large gates located near the Church of Ireland. This form of gated entry to a public area is not ideal. Hence, this Plan encourages the erection of information signs at access points to these green corridors, the development of greater public access to these areas, and greater awareness of these open spaces for visitors to the town.

- 1.1.50 This Plan will promote the development of a number of additional open spaces, which should be located in proximity to and within proposed new residential areas.
- 1.1.51 There are eight walkways identified in the Macroom area at present. These walkways are outlined and illustrated in the Macroom Walking Guide A Tidy Towns Publication. The walkways vary from low level rustic walks along grassy tracks and riverside pathways to longer roadway walks.
- 1.1.52 This Plan promotes the development of a number of additional informal walking trails. These will allow for linkages between areas of open space and will take advantage of the scenic quality of the outer lying rural areas in Macroom. These green links will connect with the existing walking trails. This will serve to enhance the permeability of the entire town, making it more pedestrian friendly.

### **Tourism**

- 1.1.53 Macroom is considered to be an attractive town that benefits from a rich heritage and a wide choice of natural and outdoor amenities. Situated approximately 38km from Cork City and 48km from Killarney, the town has the potential to attract 'day trippers' and provide an established base for exploring the surrounding region, including the Gougane Barra, Inchegeela Lakes and The Gearagh.
- 1.1.54 Macroom's proximity to lakes and rivers makes it an ideal base for canoe/dinghy and sailing enthusiasts. The key amenities that exist in the Town, are namely; The Market Square, Castle Demesne, Town Park, River Sullane, Bealick Mill and Mount Massey House. Currently the majority of these amenities provide facilities that are essential to the town's recreational and cultural functioning. In time the pedestrian linkages identified in this plan could link up with identified long distance routes such as the Blackwater Way.

### 1.1.55 The plan aims to:

- Promote key amenities (Town Square, Castle Demesne, Town Park, River Sullane, Bealick Milland Mount Massey House) as focal tourist attractions and examine opportunities to improvephysical connections and develop strategic linkages.
- Support the development of a range of tourist accommodation in the town, at suitable locations.
- Improve signposting of the River/Parkland Walks and focal amenities of the town in an attractive and well-designed manner.
- Promote the development of interpretive signs and information boards at important cultural, heritage and conservation interest.
- Support the investigation of opportunities to development the tourist potential of Mount-Massey House.
- Support the redevelopment of the Church of Ireland Church at Castle Street as a key cultural amenity for the Town and investigate its feasibility as the new location for the Macroom Tourist Office.
- Support the construction of a pedestrian accesses across the River Sullane to link with the town Park.
- Explore the opportunity to develop an interpretation/study centre or facilities for the Gearagh, based in Macroom.
- Work with key stakeholders to promote and develop the 'tourist attractiveness' of the town, through the development of a marketing and tourist strategy for the Town.
- Explore the development of a 'tourist trail' that links with the Macroom Walking Guide (A Tidy Towns Publication) and is focused on activities suitable for 'day trippers' to the Town.

### Infrastructure

### **Traffic and Transportation**

- 1.1.56 Macroom is situated on the N22 national primary route between Cork and Kerry. Macroom does not have **a** bypass, therefore high volumes of traffic pass through the town causing significant traffic congestion and delays at peak periods throughout the day.
- 1.1.57 The N22 Baile Bhuirne Macroom Road Development including the N22 Macroom Bypass has approval from An Bord Pleanála. Purchasing the land required for the scheme is currently underway. Also currently preparing the Contract Documents for Advance Works on the Scheme including archaeology, fencing, utility diversions, and site clearance. It is hoped to start these contracts in early 2017, subject to TII approval.
- 1.1.58 The by-pass when completed will remove through traffic from the town centre which has a negative impact on the public realm and environmental quality of the town.
- 1.1.59 This Plan proposes a Masseytown Relief Road which will connect the residential estates of Kilnagurteen with New Street at Condrum and will ultimately link in with the proposed Mill Road/Coolyhane. This road will link into the trunk road created as part of the McInerney Development and will run in a South West direction to the west of St Judes and north of Gurteenroe House before joining New Road at the Millstreet Road junction. Consideration will also be give to the provision of a link road through the R-10 site from the current N22 to link up with existing roads at the western end of the site.
- 1.1.60 The reasons for the Masseytown Relief Road include:
  - To ensure that traffic travelling in an east-west direction will no longer need to pass along New Street or indeed travel into the town centre.
  - To increase connectivity of existing residential areas
  - To create a continuous link between the already proposed Mill Road/Coolyhane Road relief road.
  - Allow accessibility to the proposed Business, Industry and Technology Park at Coolyhane.
  - To ensure that the road will form part of a link up with the proposed bypass.
- 1.1.61 Traffic congestion and parking is a significant issue in the town, particularly on Main Street and Market Square at peak times and a more effective traffic and parking management strategy is required to support the economic development of the town. An appropriate level of short and long term car parking is needed to serve the needs of commercial, retail and employment generators.
- 1.1.62 Car parking space can be difficult to locate around the Main Street and Market Square at peak-times. Although there is sufficient surface car parking in the town in terms of on street parking and anumber of designated car parks, additional parking capacity could be provided by the construction of a multi-storey car park. A possible location for this car park could be within the Mart Regeneration Area. Its location here would effectively encourage customers to park within the town centre while avoiding a congested Main Street.
- 1.1.63 Facilitating a modal shift to walking and cycling for local journeys within the town would help ease congestion. There is significant potential for cycle routes in the town given the compact nature of the town and the proximity of most residential areas to the centre. In terms of achieving modal shift in the next plan period, significant weight must be given to encouraging increased levels of walking and cycling in the town, mainly though design and connectivity in new development areas.
- 1.1.64 Proposals have been included to improve walking and cycling routes throughout the town as well as parking and public transport measures which will significantly enhance the attractiveness of the town as a place to live and to visit.

### **Flooding**

1.1.65 Parts of Macroom have been identified as being at risk of flooding. The areas at risk follow the path of the Sullane River through the town and are illustrated on the land use zoning map.

1.1.66 Flooding is a risk in Macroom and occasionally the Sullane River has burst its banks and flooded the Massytown area at the western end of the town. The OPW has recorded 3 flood events in the town between 1986 and 2008.

### **Water Services**

- 1.1.67 Macroom receives its drinking water from the Macroom WS which is sourced from the River Sullane. At present Macroom WS is at its limit.
- 1.1.68 The existing Macroom WS does not have the capacity and infrastructure to provide an adequate water supply to accommodate proposed development in Macroom and also to provide a supply to the higher areas. Availability of adequate reservoir storage is also an issue. Upgrading of Macroom WS including watermains and new high level reservoir is required to accommodate proposed development. At present there is no Irish Water Scheme to upgrade Macroom WS.
- 1.1.69 Wastewater in Macroom is conveyed via a largely combined sewer system and pump stations to the Macroom Waste Water Treatment Plant (capacity 5,200 p.e.). There are sewer infrastructure (network/pump station) issues including capacity issues. Upgrading of sewer infrastructure and sewer extensions are also required in order to accommodate proposed growth in Macroom.
- 1.1.70 Macroom WWTP is at its limit. Upgrading of Macroom WWTP to provide adequate capacity is required to accommodate proposed development in Macroom. At present there is no Irish Water Scheme to upgrade Macroom WWTP or sewers infrastructure.

### **Environment and Heritage**

1.1.71 There are 8 proposed Natural Heritage Areas within a 15km buffer surrounding Macroom Town. These are listed as follows:

Table 3.8 Proposed Natural Heritage Areas			
The Gearagh	pNHA 108		
Toon Bridge Wood	pNHA 1083		
Boylegrove Wood	pNHA 1854 Macroom; Kilmichael		
Lough Gal	pNHA 1067 Coachford		
Gouganebarra Lake	pNHA 1057 Ballingeary		
Lough Allua	pNHA 1065 Ballingeary		
Prohus Wood	pNHA 1248 Macroom		
Shournagh Valley	pNHA 103 Blarney; Ballincollig		

- 1.1.72 The Gearagh which is a pNHA, candidate Special Area of Conservation and a Special Protection Area comprises a stretch of the River Lee that was dammed in the 1950s as part of a hydroelectric scheme. The river valley formerly held an extensive area of alluvial forest but only part of the forest now survives. The SPA extends westwards from Annahala Bridge to Toon Bridge. The principal habitat is a shallow lake or reservoir which is fringed by wet woodland, scrub and grassland that is prone to flooding. Alluvial forest occurs on the islands.
- 1.1.73 The Gearagh is a Nature Reserve, a Ramsar Convention site and a Council of Europe Biogenetic Reserve. The Gearagh SPA is a unique site due to the remnants of one of the largest stands of alluvial woodland in Ireland or Britain. This habitat is listed, with priority status, on Annex I of the E.U. Habitats Directive. The reservoir created by the past damming activities now attracts important populations of wintering waterfowl

### **Built and Natural Heritage**

1.1.74 Macroom possesses a rich and varied architectural heritage. Due to the fact that it was planned in a coherent manner throughout the 18th and 19th centuries, it remains today a town of strong historical character, retaining many of its original buildings and functions.

- 1.1.75 The Town Plan identifies a total of 53 buildings or sites in Macroom town that are included on the Record of Protected Structures. There are also a number of protected structures on the outskirts of the town including Sleeveen East Bridge (00434), Macroom Iron Foundry (00834), Laney Bridge (00835), Rockborough Ornamental Tower (00423) and Rockborough House (00424). It is noted that there are 64 NIAH (1 of National Importance and 63 Regional Importance) located in Macroom Town.
- 1.1.76 The Town Plan also includes an Architectural Conservation Areas which extends from New Street to the Bus Depot and takes in the areas of Castle Street, Market Square, North Square, South Square, Sleveen Lane, and Main Street.
- 1.1.77 Macroom Town contains many sites of archaeological interest with 25 sites of Archaeological Importance as per Urban Archaeology Survey within the town boundary. One of the most noteworthy recorded monuments in the plan area is the remains of a country house known locally as Mount Massey at Kilnagurteen (CO070-053).
- 1.1.78 The picturesque town of Macroom is located in a wide valley, bordered to the north and south by steeply rising lands. To the south, the lands rise very steeply, climbing from 70 metres to a height of 160 metres above sea level in a relatively short distance of space. To the north, the lands rise less steeply, reaching heights of 100 metres above sea level around the townland of Coolyhane. The steep hills to the south act as an important buffer between the town and the Gearagh an important environmental area.
- 1.1.79 There are a number of significant natural features in Macroom, such as rivers, wetlands and woodlands, which unite to give the area a unique environmental character. The natural environment also contains a variety of species and acts as an important amenity for the residents of the area. The town is located north of the confluence of the Rivers Sullane and Lee. This plan aims to establish a balance between the future growth and expansion of Macroom and the protection and preservation of its unique natural environment.
- 1.1.80 Two scenic routes, the S23 and the S37, run to the east and west of the town. The S23 (N22) route begins at Macroom and passes through Ballyvourney to the County Boundary. The S37 is a local road and R619 Regional Road between Classis, Curraghbeg and Coachford.

### **General Objectives**

	Local Area Plan Objective		
	General Objectives for Macroom.		
Objective No.			
GO-01	Plan for development to enable Macroom to achieve its target population of 4,536 persons.		
GO-02	Support the completion of the proposed M22 Macroom Bypass		
GO-03	Provision of adequate water and wastewater infrastructure to service lands and ensure the town achieves its growth targets over the lifetime of the plan.		
<del>GO-04</del>	Prepare a Traffic, Transportation and Urban Renewal Framework Strategy for the Town- over the lifetime of the plan which would include consideration of;		
	Redevelopment of Opportunity Sites.		
	<ul> <li>Pedestrianisation</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>The provision of a network of designated walking and cycling routes to provide</li> </ul>		
	safe, convenient and pleasant connectivity between the town's main residential areas, schools and the town centre.		
	<ul> <li>The long and short stay parking needs of the town including provision of a multi- storey car park.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Road improvements and widening schemes along local and regional approach- roads to the town.</li> </ul>		
	Road improvements and upgrades along local routes within the town;		
	Consideration of the Masseytown Relief Road and other new access roads.		

	<ul> <li>Consider the possibility of providing two pedestrian bridges over the Sullane- River.</li> </ul>
<del>60 05</del>	Encourage the refurbishment and reuse of the historical residential and retail element of the character of Macroom along Cork Street, Main Street, New Street and Castle Street.
<del>GO-06</del>	Investigate the feasibility of developing a centrally located state of the art dual use sports facility that could be used by all schools and community groups in the town.
<del>GO-07</del>	Consider the provision of additional green links and informal walkways around the townand its environs.
GO-08	In order to secure the sustainable population growth and supporting development proposed in GO-01, appropriate and sustainable water and waste water infrastructure that will secure the objectives of the relevant River Basin Management Plan must be provided and be operational in advance of the commencement of any discharges from the development. Waste water infrastructure must be capable of treating discharges to ensure that water quality in the receiving harbour does not fall below legally required levels.
GO-09	Development in the town will only be permitted where it is shown that it is compatible with the requirements of the Habitats Directive and the protection of these sites.  Protection and enhancement of biodiversity resources within the receiving environment of the town will be encouraged.

### **Specific Objectives**

Local Area Plan Objective					
	Specific Development Objectives for Macroom				
* Flood Risk Obj. X applies					
Objective No.		,		Approx. Area (Ha)	
		Residential			
		Residential			
MM-R-01	Medium B Density Residential Development to include individual				
	sites. Existing trees and hedgerows should be retained. 2.38				
MM-R-02	Medium B Density Residential Development to include individual				
	sites. Existing tre	es and hedgerows should be retai	ned.	3.45	
MM-R-03	Medium B Density Residential Development  3.67				
MM-R-04	Medium B Density Residential Development including provision of				
	the Masseytown Relief Road and pedestrian/cycleway links to				
	adjoining sites. 13.51			<del>13.51</del>	
MM-R-05	Medium B Density Residential Development including provision of				
	the Masseytown Relief Road and pedestrian/cycleway links to				
	adjoining sites. 8.43			<del>8.43</del>	
MM-R-06	Medium B Density Residential Development including provision of				
	pedestrian/cyclev	vay links to adjoining sites.		<del>2.63</del>	

		Local Area Plan Objective		
	Specific Do	evelopment Objectives for M	acroom	
* Flood Risk Obj. X applies  TIA and RSA Required.				
Objective No.				Approx. Area (Ha)
MM-R-07	Medium B Density	Residential Development		4.47
MM-R-08-	Medium B Density	Residential Development		<del>1.92</del>
MM-R-09	Medium B Density	Residential Development		1.18
MM-R-10	an access road thr the western end o	Residential Development inclough the site from the N22 to f the site. Also provision of podicining sites and Cork Street	existing roads at edestrian and	<del>13.28</del>
MM-R-11	<del></del>	Residential Development		1.56
MM-R-12	Medium B Density	Residential Development		
MM-R-13	Medium B Density	Residential Development		<del>1.66</del>
MM-R-14	Medium B Density	Residential Development		1.72
MM-R-15	Medium B Density Residential Development			1.26
MM-R-16	Medium B Density Residential Development		4.33	
MM-B-01	Business Developr	<b>Business</b> ment suitable for small to med	lium sized light	3.2
MM-B-01	*	nent suitable for small to med	lium sized light	3.2
MM-B-02	industrial units.	mont cuitable for small to mad	lium sized light	3.0
IVIIVI-B-UZ	industrial units.	nent suitable for small to med	num sizea light	3.0
MM-B-03	Business Developr industrial units.	ment suitable for small to med	lium sized light	6.02
MM-B-04	Business Developr	nent suitable for small to med	lium sized light	4.8
MM-B-05-	Business Developr industrial units.	ment suitable for small to med	lium sized light	4 <del>.2</del>
		Industry		
MM-I-01	Large Scale Indust	rial Development		16.8
		Town Centre		
MM-T-01	use development, refurbishment/red	centre as the primary area for encourage sensitive development of existing sites we call the built fabric and presented the	while respecting	

Local Area Plan Objective				
	Specific D	evelopment Objectives for Ma	croom	
* Flood Risk Obj. X applies				
Objective No.	0.			Approx. Area (Ha)
		Community		
MM-C-01	Community Uses			
		Utilities		
U-01	Support the delive	ery of the N22 Macroom Bypas	S	
U-02	Facilitate the delivery of the Masseytown Relief Road linking to Mill Road in conjunction with the construction of new housing			
U-03	developments over the plan period  Facilitate a number of road improvements and widening schemes along the Macroom to Millstreet and Macroom to Dunmanway routes into Macroom.			
U-04	Facilitate a number of road improvements and upgrades along the following local routes:  Coolyhane Road Mill Road Chapel Hill New Road.			
<del>U-05</del>	Provision of a Travel Hub/Bus Station and ancillary services			
	<del>Open Sp</del> a	nce, Sports, Recreation and An	nenity	
<del>0-01</del>	Open Space for informal public recreation.			
<del>0-02</del>	Open Space. Maintain and protect the amenities of Masseytown  Park and provide for informal public recreation.			
<del>0-03</del>	Open Space. Maintain and protect the amenities of the Town Park and provide for improved pedestrian access to the town and the			
<del>0 04</del>	Castle Demesne.  Open Space. Maintain and protect the recreational and sporting amenities of the Castle Demesne and provide for improved pedestrian access to the town centre and the Town Park.			

### **Appendix B6**

### Amendment No. BM.01.08.01

Delete Section 1.8 and replace with the following;

Amendment No. BM. 01.08.01

Strategic Land Reserve and Active Land Management.

Amend 'Strategic Land Reserve' Text.

### **Active Land Management**

In response to an indentified deficit in the supply of housing units and arising from ongoing research and analysis in the period since the adoption of the CDP 2014 (including with the Planning & Development SPC, public consultations associated with the this LAP process and stakeholder engagement), Cork County Council has given further consideration to the most appropriate process of identifying the additional quantum of housing land supply required to drive growth in the Cork Region.

Section 2 (Planning & Economic Recovery) of the Planning Policy Statement 2015 (DECLG) identifies active land management by Planning Authorities as critical in the implementation phase of development plans:

Preparation of development plans is only an initial step. Plan implementation is key and the actions in Construction 2020 will be progressed to enable planning authorities to more dynamically lead and manage the development process in their areas, ensuring that land zoned for development actually comes into use as anticipated in development plans and in tandem with supporting infrastructure.

The enhanced role of planning authorities in managing the development and use of land in their areas will compliment their expanded role in economic development set out in Putting People First, providing the tools for local authorities to strongly support local economic development which facilitates overall national economic recovery.

Active land management is multi-faceted and may be said to include managing the delivery of zoned lands to ensure those lands come into active use; ensuring that social, environmental and economic considerations are appropriately integrated into land identification and delivery; and, ensuring an adequate volume of appropriate lands are identified to ensure the availability of an appropriate supply of serviced/serviceable zoned lands to serve existing and future housing demand.

In this context Cork County Council proposes to initiate a process of Active Land Management to include for the ongoing monitoring and evaluation of the following:

- Actual and projected housing demand in the Cork Region, including household sizes and required household types, appropriate density, vibrancy of the employment market and employment delivery targets
- The planning consent process (planning permissions granted/refused for multiple house schemes), commencement notifications, housing completion rates
- The roll-out and delivery of essential infrastructure by state agencies, including opportunities to leverage maximum returns from investment by the state
- Opportunities to promote modal shift and sustainable transport patterns where appropriate, including along existing, planned and potential future transport corridors
- Opportunities to maximise use of existing hard and soft infrastructure, including supporting the vitality and viability of Metropolitan Cork, towns, villages and settlements throughout Cork

It is intended the process of Active Land Management will help ensure the strategic planning policy process is well-positioned to respond in a dynamic manner to the changing nature of the housing market, and in-so-doing help ensure the right type of housing units are being provided at the most appropriate locations, in a timely manner.

A central component of this approach will be the process of seeking to ensure that when statutory land use plans identify lands that are most suitable for the delivery of the required housing units, housing units are delivered on the lands within the lifetime of the Plan or as soon as may be reasonably expected.

During the lifetime of this Plan, and in addition to the provisions of the Urban Regeneration & Housing Act 2015, Cork County Council will:

- 1. Monitor the degree to which serviced/serviceable zoned lands are delivering the required housing units such that during the next LAP making cycle, informed consideration may be given as to the likelihood of such lands contributing the number and type of units required and/or whether it is appropriate to continue to zone such lands for residential purposes.
- 2. Provide dedicated resources (the Housing and Infrastructure Implementation Team) to collaborate with land owners, developers and state agencies to prepare and initiate implementation strategies for key strategic sites, including the designated Urban Expansion Areas and the Monard SDZ, on a prioritised basis.
- 3. Monitor the delivery of housing units in Key Villages, Villages and Village Nuclei, having regard to the stated *Scale of Development* and *Normal Recommended Scale of any Individual Scheme* requirements set out in this Plan.

This process will be undertaken in each Municipal District to help distinguish between locations with the capacity, infrastructure and market demand to deliver housing units sustainably and other similarly designated locations in the MD that are not delivering the required supply of housing units. This process will help ensure the planning policy framework is sufficiently dynamic to respond positively in locations that can sustainably deliver the required units, while ensuring the overall Scale of Development (per Key Village, Village or Village Nuclei) is not exceeded at the MD Level.

4. Advance the process of identifying a Strategic Land Reserve of approx 400ha in County Metropolitan Cork – a strategic initiative first introduced in the CDP 2014, and which has been the subject of ongoing consideration and analysis in the intervening period, including during the Pre-Draft Consultation process and Public Consultation Phase of the statutory LAP-making process.

### **Strategic Land Reserve**

Section 2.2.15 of the Cork County Development Plan 2014 provides a context for the evidence based analysis that points to the requirement to provide a Strategic Land Reserve in County Metropolitan Cork, including the fact Paragraph 4.2.11 of the SWRPGs gives support for provision of the following: "an additional allowance for headroom, to allow for choice, sequencing and other local factors. This headroom should be calculated in line with the Development Plan Guidelines 2007".

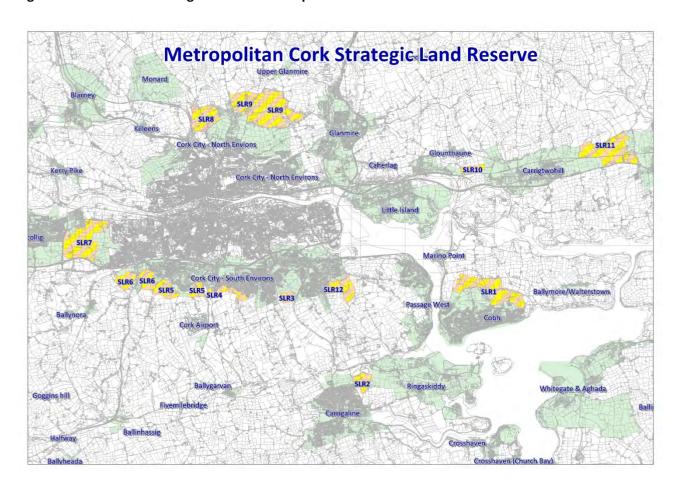
When preparing the Draft Local Area Plan Cork County Council again identified the need for additional strategic land reserves (in the order of 300ha - 400ha), to take account of the requirements set out in the CDP 2014 but also in the context of anticipated economic and population growth in the State over the coming decades and which is likely to be concentrated at locations like Metropolitan Cork which are best positioned to drive increased economic activity.

A total of 17 SLR sites were considered - 12 identified in the Draft LAPs and an additional 5 no. proposed

new sites during the consultation process (additional submissions requested some already identified SLR locations to be extended).

Table 1.3 List of possible sites for consideration as Strategic Land Reserve options			
Ref	Site Name	Gross Area (Ha)	
SLR1	Cobh North Extension	185.0	
SLR2	Carrigaline East	47.0	
SLR3	Castletreasure	21.4	
SLR4	Frankfield /Grange	44.9	
SLR5	Togher/Doughcloyne	93.6	
SLR6	Ardrostig	100.3	
SLR7	Ballincollig East-Carrigrohane	223.9	
SLR8	Kilbarry/Carhoo/Kilcully	105.1	
SLR9	Ballyvolane-Whites Cross	336.2	
SLR10	Carrigtwohill West Extension	32.4	
SLR11	Carrigtwohill East	220.7	
SLR 12	Oldcourt	78.7	
		1489.2	

**Figure 3: Locations of Strategic Land Reserve Options** 



The SLR sites have been subject to a High Level Appraisal based on the following:

5. Sequential Approach: Selecting sites based on the principle that potential green-belt development should, where deemed appropriate, be located in the immediate environs of Cork City in the first instance.

- 6. Infrastructural Investment: Where sites offer opportunities to leverage maximum returns from infrastructural development but which would not prejudice the delivery of, or necessitate upfront investment which may be considered, regional or national in scale
- 7. Multi-modal Transport Opportunities: Located so as to offer potential multi-modal opportunities for accessing local trip generating services, existing/proposed public transport services and strategic employment areas

The High Level Appraisal has resulted in the emergence of 6 no. SLR sites at this stage (SLR3 Castletreasure, SLR4 Frankfield/Grange, SLR5 Togher/Doughcloyne, SLR6 Ardrostig, SLR7 Ballincollig East-Carrigrohane, SLR12 Oldcourt) as potentially having greater capacity to deliver. However, as all sites have matters to be considered in detail, it is recognised that detailed assessment is required, including consultation with landowners and state agencies. On this basis it is proposed to retain all the original 12 no. SLR sites for further detailed assessment, before preparation of site appraisals and development briefs for consideration by Development Committee. The assessment will include Habitats Directive Assessment and Strategic Environmental Assessment so that full account is taken of environmental and ecological issues.

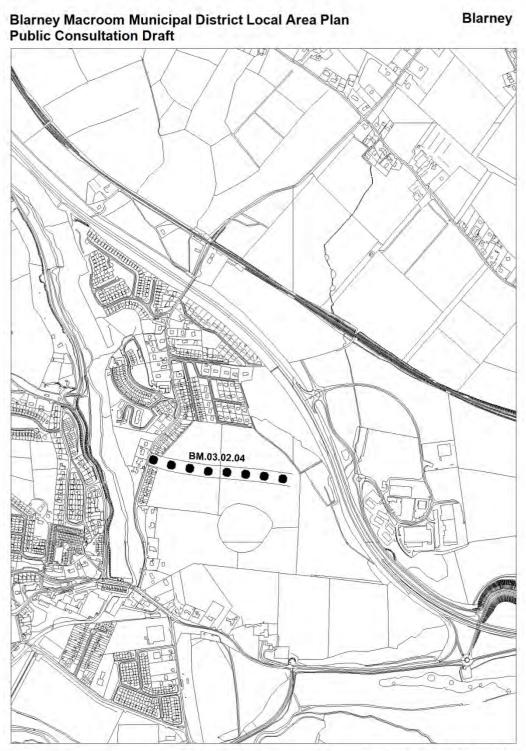
### Appendix C: List of Amendments Not Recommended by the Chief Executive.

Amendment Reference No.	Proposed Amendment	Draft Plan Page No.	Submission Received	Comment
BM.04.08.06	Insert revised map showing site to the north west of Tower with development boundary around it.		AMD20990775 Ken O'Connell AMD20992146 Patricia Buckley AMD20993935 Paddy	Chief Executive's Recommendation: To exclude this proposed amendment BM.04.08.06 including proposed map change. See Section 2, Para 2.21 to 2.27, page7 for details.

# Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft BM.04.08.06 BM.04.08.06

Amendment Ref:BM.04.08.06

### Appendix D Proposed Maps for the Blarney Macroom Municipal District



Amendment Ref:BM.03.02.04

## Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft Blarney BM.03.02.05

Amendment Ref:BM.03.02.05

### Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Blarney **Public Consultation Draft** BM.03.02.06

Amendment Ref:BM.03.02.06

## Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft Blarney BM.03.02.07

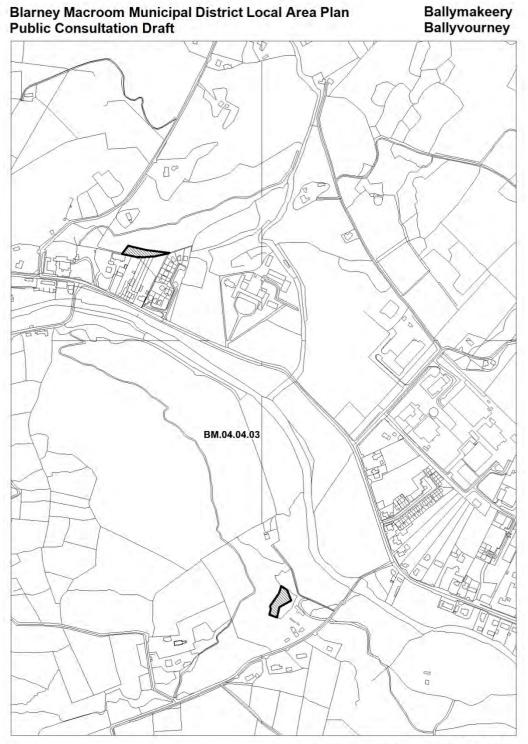
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## Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft Macroom

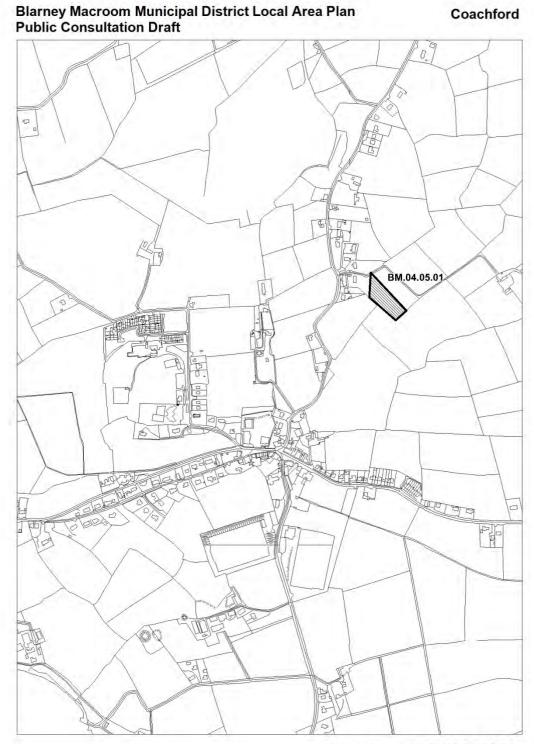
Amendment Ref:BM.03.03.01

## Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft Macroom ВМ.03.03.03

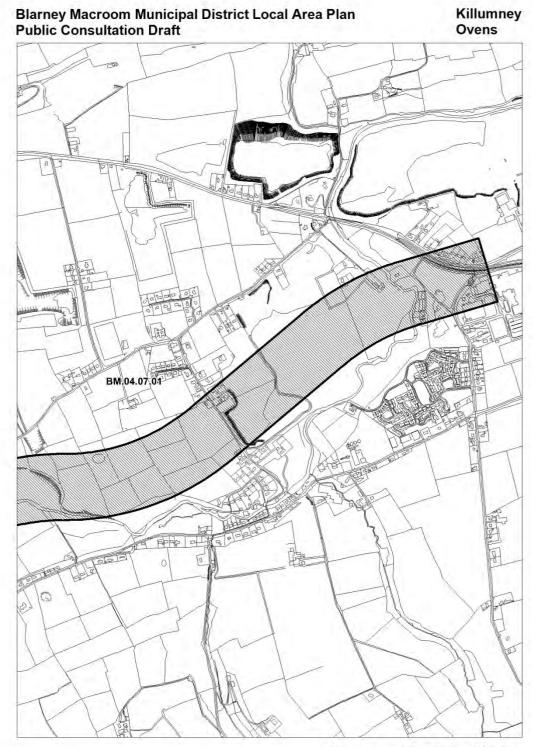
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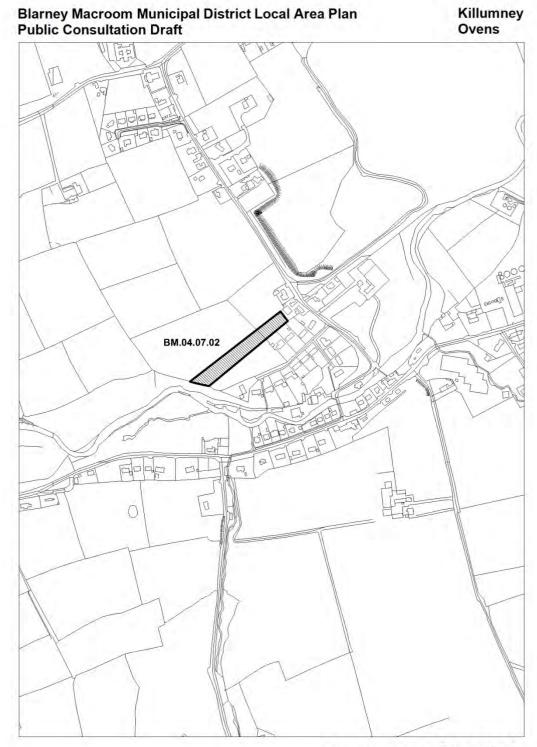
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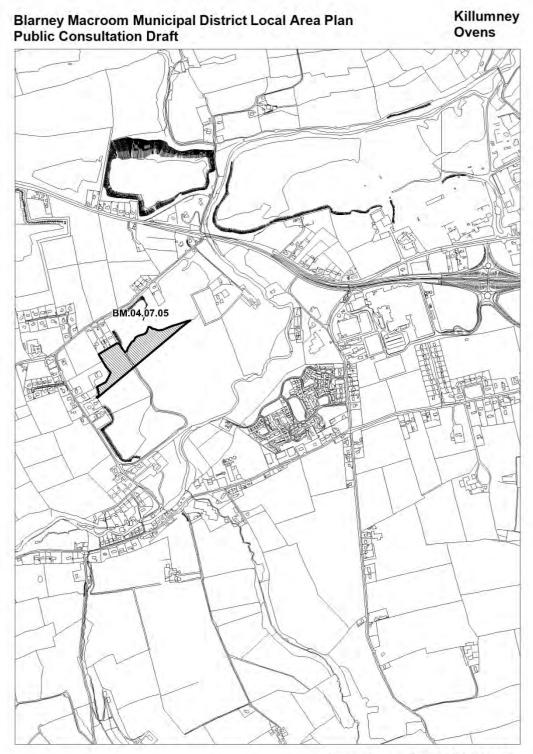
Amendment Ref:BM.04.05.01



Amendment Ref:BM.04.07.01



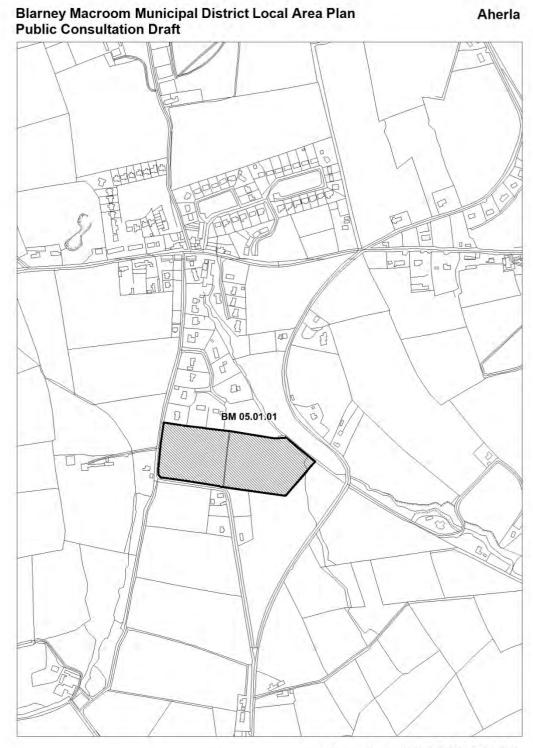
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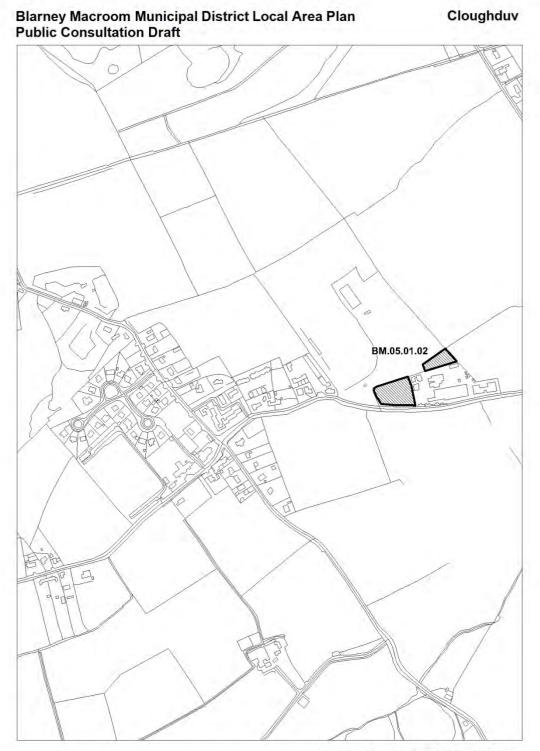
Amendment Ref:BM.04.07.05

## Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft Tower BM.04.08.01

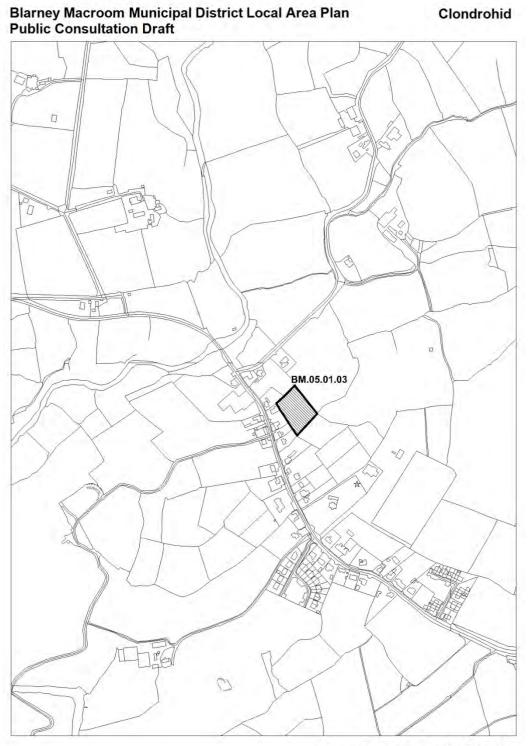
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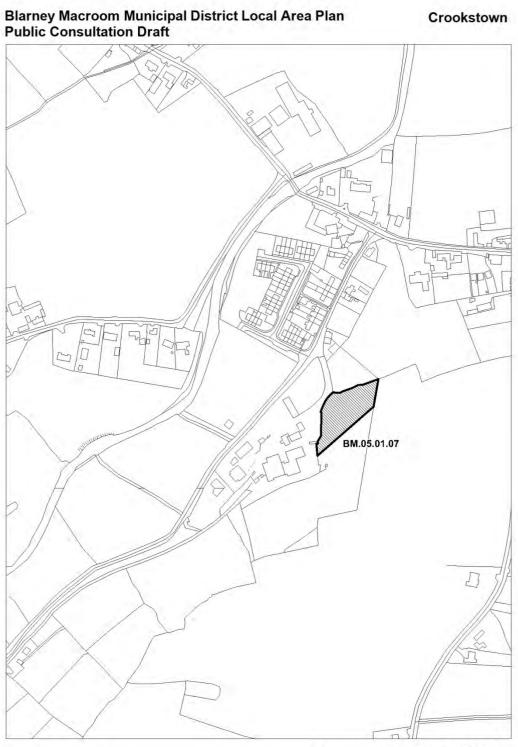
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Amendment Ref:BM.05.01.02



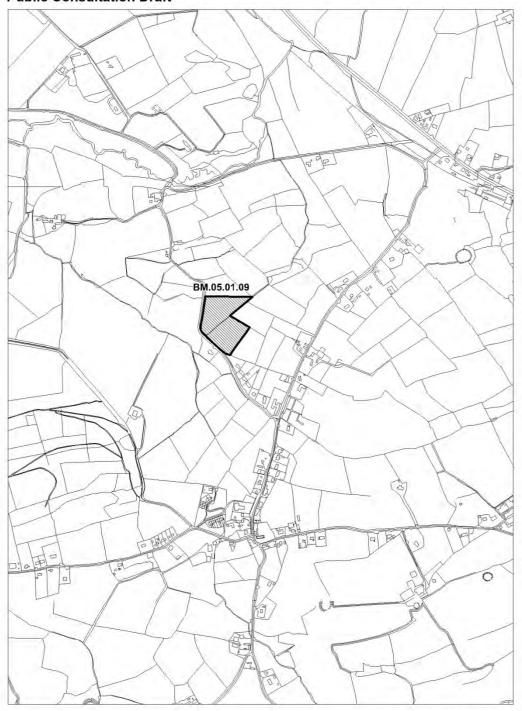
Amendment Ref:BM.05.01.03



Amendment Ref:BM.05.01.07

### Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft

### Kilmurry



Amendment Ref:BM.05.01.09

### Blarney Macroom Municipal District Local Area Plan Public Consultation Draft Ballinagree BM.05.02.01 0 A D B

Amendment Ref:BM.05.02.01

### Appendix E List of Submitters

Name of Interested Party	Unique Ref. No.	Settlement Name
Blarney Regeneration Group	AMD21002425	Blarney
Claire Forrest Blarney (Ringwood)	AMD20981774	Blarney
Cork Chamber	AMD21005431	Countywide
Cork City Council	AMD21006549	Countywide
Denis O'Shea	AMD21004944	Cloghroe, Tower
Department of Education and Skills	AMD20998954	Countywide
Department of Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government	AMD21004041	Countywide
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)	AMD 20981713	Countywide
Frank & Michael McCarthy	AMD20995091	Killumney/Ovens
John, Geraldine and Barry Keane	AMD20970663	Killumney/Ovens
Ken O'Connell	AMD20990775	Tower
Michael and Mary Hallissey	AMD20717476	Gortyleahy, Macroom
Mr. Frank Forbes, Chairman Senandale Residents Association and Mr. Jim Luttrell, Secretary, Senandale Residents Association, C/o 12 Senandale, Cloghroe, Co. Cork	AMD21006044	Tower
Mr. Kevin McDonnell and Mr. Paul Coburn	AMD20981046	Tower
National Transport Authority ( NTA)	AMD20993186	Countywide
Paddy	AMD20993935	Tower
Patricia Buckley	AMD20992146	Tower
Rylane Community Park Association	AMD20873882	Rylane
Southern Regional Assembly	AMD 21003512	Countywide
Transport Infrastructure Ireland (TII)	AMD20993186	Countywide